NORTH YORKSHIRE COUNCIL

COMMONS ACT 2006 — SECTION 19

Notice of an application to correct a mistake by the commons registration authority

Application Reference Number: CA10 028

Manor of Spaunton CL162 Right Entry 38

To every reputed owner, lessee, tenant or occupier of any part of the land described below, and to all others whom it may concern.

Application has been made to the North Yorkshire Council by Christopher Ingleby under Section 19 (2)(a) of the Commons Act 2006 and in accordance with Schedule 4(11) of the Commons Registration (England) Regulations 2014.

The application, which includes documentary evidence, can be viewed at: https://www.northyorks.gov.uk/environment-and-neighbourhoods/land-and-waterways/common-land-and-village-greens/common-land-applications-and-decision-notices

or you can request a copy by contacting the Commons Registration Officer: -

email: commons.registration@northyorks.gov.uk, telephone: 01609 534753

or write to: North Yorkshire Council, Commons Registration, County Hall, Northallerton, North Yorkshire DL7 8AD

Any person wishing to make a representation regarding this amendment:

- should quote the Application No. CA10 028
- must state the name and postal address of the person making the representation and the nature of that person's interest (if any) in any land affected by the application.
- may include an e-mail address of the person making the representation
- must be signed by the person making the representation
- must state the grounds on which the representation is made
- should send the representation to: Commons Registration Officer, Commons Registration North Yorkshire Council, County Hall, Northallerton, North Yorkshire DL7 8AD or e-mail to <u>commons.registration@northyorks.gov.uk</u> on or before 22 December 2023

Representations cannot be treated as confidential, and a copy will be sent to the applicant in accordance with Regulation 25 of the 2014 Regulations. Should the application be referred to the Planning Inspectorate for determination, in accordance with Regulation 26 of the 2014 Regulations, any representations will be forwarded to the Planning Inspectorate.

A summary of the effect of the application (if granted) is as follows: the Registration Authority will amend the Register for unit number CL162 by amending the extent of the supplemental map at right entry 38 to reflect the 26 acres of in-bye land as stated in the Commons Commissioner's decision reference 268/D/283-287.

Dated: 3 November 2023

Karl Battersby

Corporate Director – Environment North Yorkshire Council

FORM CA10

Commons Act 2006: section 19 Application to correct the register

This section is for office use only

Official stamp

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COMMONS ACT 2006

NORTH YORKSHIRE COUNCIL

COMMONS REGISTRATION AUTHORITY

2 9 AUG 2023 -

Application number



Applicants are advised to read 'Part 1 of the Commons Act 2006: Guidance to applicants' and to note:

- All applicants should complete boxes 1–8.
- Any person can apply under section 19 of the Commons Act 2006.
- You will be required to pay a fee unless your application is to correct a mistake made by the
 registration authority (section 19(2)(a)) or to remove a duplicate entry (section 19(2)(c)). Ask the
 registration authority for details. You would have to pay a separate fee should your application be
 referred to the Planning Inspectorate, unless it is to correct a mistake made by the authority or to
 remove a duplicate entry.

| Note 1 | 1. Commons Registration Authority | |
|---|--|---|
| Insert name of commons registration | To the: Tick one of the following boxes to confirm that you have: | |
| authority. | enclosed the appropriate fee for this application: or | |
| | applied for a purpose in section 19(2)(a) or (c), so no fee is enclosed: | |
| | an e | |
| 5 | | ; |

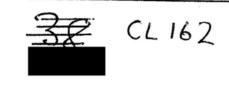
| Note 2 If there is more | 2. Name and address of the applicant | |
|--|--|---|
| than one applicant, list all their names | Name: CHRISTOPHER INGLIEBY | |
| and addresses in | Postal address: | - |
| full. Use a separate | | |
| sheet if necessary. State the full title | THE HAVEN | |
| of the organisation | APPLETON -LIE - MOORS | |
| if the applicant is a | ITPLETON -LIZ- MOORS | |
| body corporate or . an unincorporated | YORK Postcode Yo 6267 | |
| association. If | TORK Postcode Yo62671 | - |
| you supply an | | |
| email address in the box provided, | Telephone number: | |
| you may receive | | |
| communications | Fax number: | |
| from the | | |
| registration authority or other | E-mail address: | |
| persons (e.g. | | |
| objectors) via | | |
| email. If box 3 is not completed all | * | |
| correspondence | | |
| and notices will | | |
| be sent to the first named applicant. | | |
| | | |
| Note 3 This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the | 3. Name and address of representative, if any Name: | |
| This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the purposes of the | | |
| This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the purposes of the application. If so | Name: | |
| This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the purposes of the application. If so all correspondence and notices will be | Name: | |
| This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the purposes of the application. If so all correspondence and notices will be sent to the person or firm named here. If you supply an | Name: | |
| This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the purposes of the application. If so all correspondence and notices will be sent to the person or firm named here. | Name: Firm: Postal address: | |
| This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the purposes of the application. If so all correspondence and notices will be sent to the person or firm named here. If you supply an email address in the box provided, the representative | Name: Firm: Postal address: | |
| This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the purposes of the application. If so all correspondence and notices will be sent to the person or firm named here. If you supply an email address in the box provided, the representative may receive | Name: Firm: Postal address: | |
| This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the purposes of the application. If so all correspondence and notices will be sent to the person or firm named here. If you supply an email address in the box provided, the representative | Name: Firm: Postal address: Postal address: Postcode | |
| This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the purposes of the application. If so all correspondence and notices will be sent to the person or firm named here. If you supply an email address in the box provided, the representative may receive communications from the registration | Name: Firm: Postal address: | |
| This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the purposes of the application. If so all correspondence and notices will be sent to the person or firm named here. If you supply an email address in the box provided, the representative may receive communications from the registration authority or other | Name: Firm: Postal address: Postal address: Postcode Telephone number: | |
| This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the purposes of the application. If so all correspondence and notices will be sent to the person or firm named here. If you supply an email address in the box provided, the representative may receive communications from the registration authority or other | Name: Firm: Postal address: Postal address: Postcode | |
| This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the purposes of the application. If so all correspondence and notices will be sent to the person or firm named here. If you supply an email address in the box provided, the representative may receive communications from the registration authority or other persons (e.g. objectors) via email | Name: Firm: Postal address: Postal address: Postcode Telephone number: Fax number: | |
| This box should be completed if a representative, e.g. a solicitor, is instructed for the purposes of the application. If so all correspondence and notices will be sent to the person or firm named here. If you supply an email address in the box provided, the representative may receive communications from the registration authority or other persons (e.g. objectors) via email | Name: Firm: Postal address: Postal address: Postcode Telephone number: | |

Note 4

For further details of the requirements of an application refer to Schedule 4, paragraph 11 to the Commons Registration (England) Regulations 2014.

4. Basis of application for registration and qualifying criteria

Specify the register unit number to which this application relates:



Specify the rights number to which this application relates (if relevant):



Tick one of the following boxes to indicate the purpose (described in section 19(2)) of your application. Are you applying to:

Correct a mistake made by the commons registration authority:

Correct any other eligible mistake:

••

Remove a duplicate entry from the register:

Update the details of any name or address referred to in an entry: Record accretion or diluvion:

| Q |
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Note 5

Explain why the register should be amended and how you think it should be amended.

5. Describe the purpose for applying to correct the register and the amendment sought

THERE ARE 65 COMMON RIGHTS WITH THE NOOK IN FINGLEBYS NAME WITH NO LAND. 26 ACRES WERE ADDED IN 1973 CLASSED AS IN BYELAND MY FATHER A INGLEBY WENT TO THE MEETING IN 1929 AND TOLD THE CHIEF COMMONS COMMISSIONER THAT THERE WAS 26 ACRES OF IN BYRE LAND WITH THE PROPERTY So THE CHIEF COMMONS COMMISSIONER PUT THE COMMON RIGHTS TO THE HOUSE AND THE LAND REFERENCE NO 268/1/283-287 ENTRY NUMBER 38 SO I THINK THE COMMONS REGISTATION OFFICE MUST HAVE MADE A MISTAKE ATTHAT TIME NOT REGESTERING THE RIGHTS TO THE LAND WE CAN NOT USE THE RIGHTS WITHOUT THE LAND BECAUSE WE HAVE TO BRING THE SHIZEP OFF THE COMMON FOR I MONTH EACH YEAR BY LAW



29 8 23 104925 1 NYCC Page

Note 6 List all supporting consents, documents and maps accompanying the application, including evidence of the mistake in the register. There is no need to submit copies of documents issued by the registration authority or to which it was a party but they should still be listed. Use a separate sheet if necessary.

Note 7

List any other matters which should be brought to the attention of the registration authority (in particular if a person interested in the land is expected to challenge the application for registration). Full details should be given here or on a separate sheet if necessary.

6. Supporting documentation 268/D 283-287 REF MAPS 3 LETTER TO SHOW THE HAVEN & THE NOON A FATHERS IDENTITY CHARD DIETAKS. MY 7. Any other information relating to the application

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| by each individual applicant, or by the authorised officer | ate: 24 august 2023 |
|---|---------------------|
| | |
| of an applicant Sig which is a body corporate or an unincorporated association. | gnatures: |

REMINDER TO APPLICANT

You are responsible for telling the truth in presenting the application and accompanying evidence. You may commit a criminal offence if you deliberately provide misleading or untrue evidence and if you do so you may be prosecuted.

You are advised to keep a copy of the application and all associated documentation.

Data Protection Act 1998

The application and any representations made cannot be treated as confidential. To determine the application it will be necessary for the commons registration authority to disclose information received from you to others, which may include other local authorities, Government Departments, public bodies, other organisations and members of the public.

A copy of this form and any accompanying documents may be disclosed upon receipt of a request for information under the Environmental Information Regulations 2004 or the Freedom of Information Act 2000.

S. KITCHING WALKER, MA(Cantab)

COMMISSIONER FOR OATHS

B. POTTER

JAMES A. SMITH

TELEPHONE NOS KIRBYMOORSIDE 237 & 581 S.T. D. CODE OPK 13

S. KITCHING WALKER & CO.

SOLICITORS

8. MARKET PLACE KIRBYMOORSIDE YORK

YO6 6DD

ALSO AT 2, VERNON ROAD S CARBOROUGH ST. GEORGE'S HOUSE PICKERING

YOUR REF.

OUR REF. IWL/INS

16th November, 1970.

Dear Mr. Ingleby,

We have pleasure in enclosing a Proposal form to insure your property known as "The Haven", and "The Nook", Appleton-le-Moors, which would you please sign where your initials are marked in pencil.

We have insured both properties for $\pounds 2,400$ as this is the amount of insurance allowed under the minimum premium of $\pounds 3.0.0$. per item.

> Yours sincerely, S. KITCHINGWALKER & CO.,

A. Ingleby, Esq., "The Haven", APPLETON-LE-MOORS, York.

Encl:

· 4.

| REMOVED TO (Full Postal Address) | REMOVED TO (Full Postal Address) | BEMOVED TO (Ell Band Address) | REMOVED TO (Full Portal Address) | HOLDER'S SECTION OF ADDRESS. No entry except by National Registration Officer, to whom removal, must be notified. | appleton le Moors, york | CLASS CODE B242 | IAMES (Fir | J.H.I.I. 83 .4. SURNAME |
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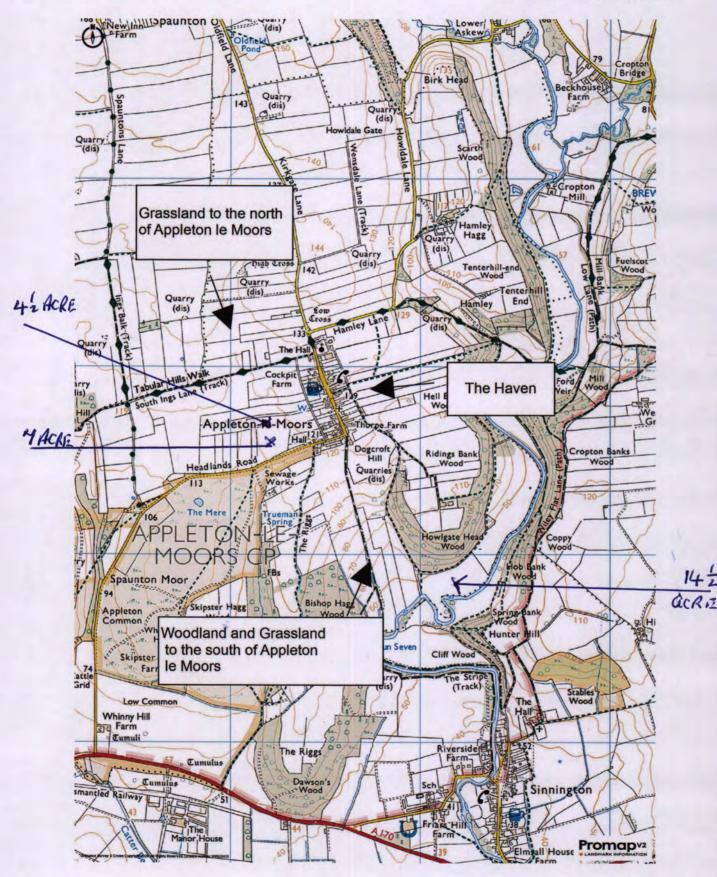


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The Haven, Appleton le Moors

Appendix 2 Location Plan & Farm Plan



The Haven, Appleton le Moors



Commons Commissioners Watergate House 15 York Buildings Adelphi London WC2N 6LB

Tel: chona 01-829 7199

Mr F Ingleby/Occupier The Nook Appleton Le Moors N Yorks Your reference Our reference Date 0.4 JAN 1980

Dear Sir

Commons Registration Act 1965

Reference No 268/D/283-287

Tract of land in the Parishes of Appleton Le Moors, Lastingham, Hutton-le-Hole, Spaur and Rosedale West

Register Unit No CL 162

I enclose a copy of the decision of the Commons Commissioner in this matter.

Any application to the Commissioner for the statement of a case must be made in writing addressed to me at this office, and must state the point of law in question.

Since you may not, in law, be a "person aggrieved", you are recommended to take logal advice if you contemplate requiring the Commissioner to state a case.

If you were entitled to be heard at the hearing of this matter, but did not attend the hearing, the Commissioner may, on an application made by you within 10 days from the date of this letter, re-open the hearing and set acide his . decision on such terms as he thinks fit, if he is satisfied that you had sufficient reason for your absonce. These

Yours faithfully

Clerk of the Commons Commissioners

NSTO (revised)

COMMONS REGISTRATION ACT 1965



Reference Nos 268/D/283-287

In the Matter of Tracts of Land, Appleton le Moors, Lastingham, Hutton le Hole, Spaunton, and Rosedale West, North Yorkshire (No 2)

DECISION

These disputes relate to the registrations at Entry Nos 1 to 162 in the Rights section of Register Unit No. CL 162 in the Register of Common Land maintained by the former North Riding of Yorkshire County Council and are occasioned by Objection No. 0278 made by Mr L C Garside, Objection Nos 0293, 0295, and 0298 made by Mr J H Holt, and Objection No. 0212 made by Mr G W Darley and all noted in the Register on 16 November 1970.

The Objections made by Mr Garside and Mr Holt related to small areas of land which on investigation were found not to be comprised in the Register Unit. It will therefore only be necessary to consider the Objection made by Mr Darley.

I held a hearing for the purpose of inquiring into the dispute at Malton on 22, 23, and 24 May, on 22, 24, and 25 October, and 6, 7, and 8 November 1979. The hearing was attended bt Mr Peter Collier, of counsel, Mr A R Lakin, Miss Norgate, Mr G F A Neway, Mr P J Lawrence, and Mr P M White, solicitors on behalf of a number of applicants, and by Mr Timothy Hartley, of counsel, on behalf of Mr Darley who was also the applicant for several registrations. Other applicants appeared in person.

There was no appearance by or on behalf of the applicants for the registrations at Entry Nos 32, 39, 49, 58, 59, 60, 64, 68, 74, 75, 77, 83, 85, 88, 89, 95, 97, 104, 109, 110, 131, and 162. In the absence of any evidence I refuse to confirm these registrations. I also refuse to confirm the registrations at Entry Nos 46, 133, 134, 135, 141, 142, 143, 144, 147, 155 and 159. These registrations were made on the application of Mr Darley, but since Mr Darley is the owner of the land comprised in the Register Unit, any rights which may have been attached to Mr Darley's other property in the past have been extinguished by unity of ownership and possession.

Although situate in five parishes, the land comprised in the Register Unit (hereafter referred to as Spaunton Moor;) consists of the waste land of the the manor of Spaunton, of which manor Mr Darley is now the lord. The basis of the registrations in respect of which I heard evidence was a document entitled "Schedule of Owners of Property within the Manor shewing the Common Rights of Stray and Turbary attached to the respective Properties". This Schedule was prepared by Committees of the Jury of the Manor of Spaunton Court Leet and Court Baron with View of Frankpledge appointed for that purpose at a court held on 17 October 1907. A copy of the Schedule was sent to all owners of houses or buildings in the manor, with notice of a special court to be held on 27 July 1908 to consider the Schedule and deal with any objection to the list. At the special court, after numerous objections had been disposed of and the Schedule revised and altered, the Schedule was approved by the Jury, subject to certain claims which were adjourned. The adjourned cases, with others in which further evidence was submitted, were further considered and disposed of at the annual court held on 15 October 1908, when the Schedule was finally approved of by the Jury. It appears from the Schedule that there were 348 claims, of which 179 were allowed.



The Schedule sets out the situation of the houses and buildings to which rights of common were attached, stating in each case whether the right was one of stray The situation of each house and building is identified by a or turf or both. reference to the appropriate sheet of the 25-inch Ordnance Map. Most of the houses and buildings are described as "farm house", "house" or "cottage", but there is no indication of what, if any, land went with each. There is no indication of the numbers or classes of animals which those entitled to a right of stray could turn out, but the commoners' rights were further defined by the presentment of the Jury at the Annual Court held on 15 October 1914, when it was declared that by the custom of the manor owners of common rights were entitled to take stone, gravel, sand, bracken, and whins off the waste lands for use on their own property in the manor. With one exception, to which reference will be made later, the houses and buildings in respect of which I heard evidence can be identified with houses and buildings in the Schedule.

Despite its lack of precision, the 1908 Schedule has been treated as a "Bible" of common rights within the manor. Until the passing of the Commons Registration Act 1965 there was no trouble over grazing rights between the lord of the manor and the commoners. The reason for this was that only fourteen of the commoners were known to be actually exercising their grazing rights and the maximum number of grown sheep on the Moor at any one time was well within its stocking capacity. I was informed that the commoners had always assumed that there was no limit to their rights on Spaunton Moor and that they had unlimited and therefore equal grazing rights. The control and management of the common rights has remained with the Court Leet and Court Baron with View of Frankpledge, and is business which may still be transacted by the Court by virtue of Part III of Schedule 4 to the Administration of Justice Act 1977.

This happy state of affairs was brought to an end by the requirement of s.15 (1) of the Commons Registration Act 1965 that where a right of common consists of or includes a right, not limited by number, to graze animals or animals of any class, it shall for the purposes of registration under the Act be treated as exercisable in relation to no more animals or animals of that class, than a limited number. As required by s.15(2) of the Act, each applicant stated in his application the number of animals to be entered in the Register or the numbers of animals of different classes. Mr Darley's Objection alleges (inter alia) that each of the rights as claimed is excessive.

While s.15 of the Act of 1965 provides for the entry of numbers of animals in the Register, it does not provide any guidance as to the manner in which disputes relating to such numbers are to be resolved. All that can be said is that, since the Act provides for the registration of existing rights of common, it is not for me to decide what is fair and reasonable, but to endeavour to ascertain what numbers and classes of animals the commoners can turn out on the Moor as of right.

Mr Larkin argued that there was equality of rights among all commoners and that I ought therefore to confirm their rights on this basis, so that matters could continue in the future as they had done so satisfactorily in the past. This approach to the problem is not without its attractiveness, but it does not provide an answer to the question of the number of animals which each commoner can graze. Mr Larkin invited me to accept 400 sheep gaits, or such smaller number as may have been applied for, as the appropriate quantification, but there is no basis for this beyond the fact that this was the quantification adopted by the applicants after a number of meetings at which it proved impossible to find a basis acceptable to all the commoners and the lord of the manor.



Mr Hartley, on the other hand, argued that the only method of quantification known to the law is that based on what is known as levancy and couchancy, and Mr Collier accepted this so far as his client was concerned.

I find myself unable to construe s.15 of the Act of 1965 in any other way than as a requirement to measure the right by reference to levancy and couchancy. The manner in which this is to be done was described by Lush J. in <u>Lascelles</u> v : Lord <u>Onslow</u> (1877), 2Q.B.D. 433, at p.449,as follows:-

"The right to turn out is measured by the capacity of the commonable "tenement to maintain; it is to turn out as many commonable beasts as the "winter eatage of the tenement together with the hay and other produce obtained "from it during the summer is capable of maintaining".

It is not without interest to observe that the belief that all the commoners have equal rights to turn out an unlimited number of animals onto the Moor is of comparatively recent origin, for in <u>Darley v. Lythe</u> in the Malton County Court in 1890 Judge Bedwell granted an injunction restraining the defendant from stocking Spaunton Moor with any livestock other than livestock levant and couchant on his holding at Hutton le Hole, and that in <u>Darley v Todd</u> in the same court in 1902 Mr John Petch, the steward of the manor of Spaunton said in the course of his evidence:-

"The rule of levancy and couchancy prevails - that is, the land must be "capable of maintaining during the winter the stock that is put on it "/i.e. the Moor/ in summer".

Being satisfied that the applicants' rights must be measured by reference to levancy and couchancy, I turn to the question of how that operation is to be performed. On this I heard conflicting evidence.

Mr Holt, one of the applicants, is a Fellow of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and has acted as managing agent of the Ravenswick Estate, which lies to the south-west of Spaunton Moor. He gave evidence that the correct way in which to measure levancy and couchancy in this part of Yorkshire was on the basis of $2\frac{1}{2}$ sheep per acre of in-bye land. Mr Holt's evidence was supported by that of Mr Ronald Foster, who is a farmer on the neighbouring Milburn Estate and represents a part of Northern England on the National Farmers Union Central Hill Farming Committee.

For Mr Darley expert evidence was given by Mr W J Bulmer, a Fellow of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and a member of the Blackfaced Sheep Breeders Association of North Yorkshire. Mr Bulmer gave some estimated figures for a typical moor-edge farm of 80 acres. He calculated that such a farm would support on a levancy and couchancy basis 15 cows and their followers and 100 ewes and 50 followers and came to the conclusion that $l\frac{1}{2}$ sheep per acre of in-bye land could be carried on the adjoining moorland without necessitating a reduction in the number of cattle and leading to loss of profit.

Accepting the figures upon which Mr Bulmer arrived at his conclusion, it seems to me that his conclusion does not provide the answer to the problem which I have to solve, since he assumes a farm running both sheep and cattle. What is required is the number of sheep which could be levant and couchant if the farm were given over entirely to sheep. Mr Bulmer said in cross-examination that it would be impracticable to turn out all sheep instead of sheep and cattle. However, what has to be considered is not what would be the best farming practice, but the measurement of levancy and couchancy in terms of sheep units. Mr Hartley



drew my attention to the evidence of several witnesses whose flocks represented $l \text{ or } l_4^1$ sheep per acre of in-bye land, but it did not appear from the evidence that they were grazing the maximum possible number of sheep, which is what has to be estimated for the purposes of levancy and couchancy.

Giving the best consideration that I can to the matter, I have come to the conclusion that Mr Holt's $2\frac{1}{2}$ sheep per acre of in-bye land is preferable to Mr Bulmer's $1\frac{1}{2}$ sheep for the somewhat artificial purpose of these proceedings. In applying this to particular cases I shall ignore fractions of a sheep, since it is better for 1 acre to be under-stocked by 2 sheep than over-stocked by 3 sheep.

There being no evidence as to the land which was attached to each house or building when the 1908 Schedule was drawn up, there is no means of knowing whether there have been any changes subsequently, except in the case of a house or building which now has no land at all attached to it. This, however, is of no importance, since what has to be considered is the position at the time of the hearing.

It is next necessary to consider whether the grazing rights extend to any classes of animals other than sheep. The word "stray" is not a term of art, nor is there anything in the 1908 Schedule to define it. In the absence of any evidence as to the origin of the rights in this case in grant or prescription, I must assume that they have existed from time immemorial and are rights of common appendant and not appurtenant, for on every feoffment of arable land to be held of a manor in socage the law without express words presumed a grant of sufficient pasture in the waste for the beasts levant and couchant on the land: Year Book 26 Hen.VIII, 4, cited in Elton on Commons and Waste Lands, pp 47, 48. In such a case the right is restricted to commonable animals, namely, horses, oxen, cows, and sheep: <u>Tyrringham's Case</u> (1584), 4 Co. Rep. 36b.

This leads to the question of the equivalents of sheep in terms of horses, oxen, and cows. Each sheet of the Rights section of the Register Unit is headed by the following statement:-

"For the purposes of this register unit 1 sheep gait gives the right to "graze 1 breeding ewe with followers, 3 geese or 3 ducks and 8 sheep gaits "gives the right to graze 1 head of cattle, 1 donkey or 1 horse with a "follower up to 1 year old".

One of the grounds of Mr Darley's Objection is that this definition of "sheep gait" is incorrect. It is certainly incorrect in that it includes geese, ducks and donkeys. It remains to consider whether the equivalence of sheep gaits with cattle and horses is correct.

The definition of "sheep gait" does not appear in any of the applications for registrations in the Rights section of the Register Unit. It originated at a meeting of the common right holders held at Spaunton at the beginning of March 1968 and was communicated to the former North Riding of Yorkshire County Council. It can therefore be regarded as having been included by implication in all the applications subsequently made. It seems that I can regard the equivalence of sheep gaits with cattle and horses as representing the collective wisdom of the common right owners present at the meeting. There being no evidence that it was wrong, I shall adopt it.



As a matter of drafting, it seems preferable to omit the note from each sheet of the Rights section and at the cost of considerably lengthening this decision to redraft the particulars of the rights in accordance with reg. 10(1) of and Model Entry No 7 in Schd. 2 to the Commons Registration (General) Regulations 1966. When confirming a registration quantified by reference to sheep gaits I shall do so with such modification as may be necessary to make the registration follow Model Entry No 7 as closely as possible, with such variations and adaptions as the circumstances may require.

Mr Hartley argued that some of the rights had been lost by abandonment. There was no direct evidence of abandonment, but Mr Hartley invited me to regard non-exercise of the rights over a long period as such evidence. He relied particularly in some cases on the cessation of the keeping of hill sheep and the sale of the flock, it being a difficult process to establish a new hill flock. Non-user is not in itself abandonment: it is only evidence from which abandonment can be inferred. There was no direct evidence of the circumstances in which flocks formerly owned by common right holders had been sold or in which rights had ceased to be used. It was not thought by the right holders in 1951 that any of them had abandoned their rights for a sum of money received as compensation for the requisition of part of the Moor which was divided among all the right holders.

In 1960 a new schedule of the common right holders and their properties was drawn up revised in 1966, again without any suggestion that any of the rights had been abandoned. In 1961 a sum of money received as compensation for the extinguishment of the rights over part of the Moor which had been compulsorily acquired was divided among the right holders. All these transactions were carried out in the Court Leet and the members of the Jury could be expected to have drawn attention to the impropriety of paying money to those whose rights were known to have been extinguished by abandonment. Since then some of the right holders have abandoned their rights. Some did not apply to have their rights registered, and others did not appear at the hearing to support their registrations. Those who did appear clearly had no intention of abandoning their rights, and I find myself unable to infer that any of their predecessors in title had done so.

I now turn to the application of these general conclusions to the individual which remain for consideration.

Entry No. 1 This property has 12 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:

"To graze -

- (a) 30 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 30 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "400 sheep gaits".

Entry No 2 This property consists in its present state of 0.081 ac. of land. There are on it some stones, which Mr W L Wilkinson, the applicant for the registration said were the ruins of a cottage, though this was not accepted by one of Mr Darley's witnesses. Be that as it may, no house or other building on this land is included in the 1908 Schedule. The basis of Mr Wilkinson's claim is that the right attached to the property numbered 61 in the 1908 Schedule and known as Newlands Farm has been transferred to his land. Mr Wilkinson said that the right attached to Newlands Farm had been quantified by a requirement



in a tenancy agreement that the tenant should graze not less than 150 sheep on the Moor, that this right had become a right in gross, and that the right had been transferred to Mr Wilkinson's land before he purchased it for £5 from his father. In my view, it was impossible in law for a provision in a tenancy agreement to convert a right of common appendant for animals levant and couchant into a right to graze a fixed number of animals. There was therefore no right attached to Mr Wilkinson's land when he acquired it from his father.

I have dealt with Mr Wilkinson's argument at some length because he had obviously taken great pains in its preparation. Having given his argument careful consideration, I can only say that I find it based on an insecure legal foundation. I therefore refuse to confirm this registration.

Entry No. 3 This property has 43 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 107 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 107 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as l gait".

for "250 sheep gaits"

Entry No 4 This property has 80 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

(a) 200 sheep; or

(b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 200 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "250 sheep gaits".

<u>Entry No. 5</u> This property has 54 ac. of in-bye land. Since the registration is of 100 sheep gaits, I confirm it with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 100 sheep, or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 100 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "100 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 6 This property has 46 ac. of in-bye land. Since the registration is of 100 sheep gaits, I confirm it with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 100 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 100 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "100 sheep gaits".



Entry No 7 This property has 27 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of :-

"To graze -

- (a) 67 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 67 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "300 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 8 This property now has an area of only 2r. 9p., though it would appear that it formerly included more land which has since been sold off. While it is probably somewhat unrealistic to do so, I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" for "200 sheep gaits".

Entry No 9 This property has 100 ac. of in-bye land since the registration is of 200 sheep gaits, I confirm it with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 200 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 200 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as l gait"

for "200 sheep gaits".

Entry No 10 This property has 12.96 ac. of in-bye land. It was conveyed to Mr W T S Stamper on 3 August 1979 with the benefit of certain easements, rights and other matters mentioned in the conveyance, but there was no mention of any right of common. If the rights of common formerly appendant to the property passed on the conveyance, it can only be by virtue of s.62(2) of the Law of Property Act 1925, but s.62(4) provides that s.62(2) only applies if and so far as a contrary intention is not expressed in the conveyance, and has effect subject to the terms of the conveyance and to the provisions therein contained. I have come to the conclusion that the omission of any mention of the rights of common is not an expression of an intention contrary to s.62(2), and that the rights accordingly remain attached to the property. I therefore confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 32 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 32 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "100 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 11 This property has 65 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 162 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 162 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits, and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "200 sheep gaits".



Entry No. 12 This property has $6\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of in-bye land. It is farmed by Miss Rose Farrow, who grazes 400 sheep and this was the basis of the 400 sheep gaits which were mentioned in many of the registrations, the aim being to ensure equality of rights, while allowing Miss Farrow to continue to graze 400 sheep. As I have already indicated this approach to the matter was ursound. Miss Farrow's right must be quantified by reference to levancy and couchancy. On this basis I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 16 sheep, or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 16 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "400 sheep gaits".

Entry No 13 This property has 5 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze 12 sheep or 4 sheep and 1 head of cattle or 4 sheep and 1 horse"

for "25 sheep gaits".

Entry No 14 This property has $16\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 41 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 4l gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "150 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 15

This property has 43 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

(a) 107 sheep; or

(b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 107 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait". for "400 sheep gaits".

<u>Entry No. 16</u> Mr Larkin informed me that he had received no instructions from his client regarding this registration. I therefore refuse to confirm it.

Entry No 17 This property has 3 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 7 sheep" for "20 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 18 This registration relates to two of the buildings (Nos 218 and 224) in the 1908 Schedule. The property known as New Inn consists of 224 ac. and that known as Grange Farm of 230 ac. The total number of sheep gaits registered in respect of the two properties is 600. This is fewer than 22 sheep per acre of in-bye land. It seems to me that the proper course is not to confirm the registration as it stands, but to divide the sheep gaits equally between the two properties. Therefore, I confirm the registration with the following modifications, namely, the deletion of the words in columns 4 and 5 and the substitution in column 4 of the words:-



"(a) To graze -

(i) 300 sheep; or

(ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 300 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

and to cut and take away peat, bracken, and top stones over the whole of the land comprised in this register unit

"(b) To graze -

(i) 300 sheep; or

(ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 300 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

and to cut and take away peat, bracken, and top stones over the whole of the land comprised in this register unit

and in column 5 of the words:-

"(a) New Inn and Smallholding, Spaunton, shown (with Grange Farm, Spaunton) "edged red on the supplemental map bearing the number of this register unit;

"(b) Grange Farm, Spaunton, shown (with New Inn and Smallholding, Spaunton) "edged red on the supplemental map bearing the number of this register unit."

Entry NO 19 This property has 100 ac. of in-bye land. Since only 80 sheep gaits are registered. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

(a) 80 sheep; or

(b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 80 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "80 sheep gaits".

Entry No 20 This property is just a building with a garage and has no land attached to it. I therefore confirm the registration with the deletion of the words "40 sheep gaits".

Entry No 21 When Mr J W Waines, the applicant for this registration, bought the property it had no land attached to it. Mr Waines has since bought 25 ac. of land. In my view this land cannot be regarded as in-bye land for the purposes of levancy and couchancy. I shall therefore confirm the registration with the deletion of the words "100 sheep and".

Entry No 22 This registration relates to the same property as Entry No. 12, having been made on the application of the owner, while the registration at Entry No 12 was made on the application of the tenant. This registration ought, therefore, not to have been made, but the application for it should have been noted in the register under reg. 9(5) of the Commons Registration (General) Regulations 1966. In these circumstances I refuse to confirm the registration.

Entry No. 23 This property consists of a house and garden and a paddock of approximately 1 ac. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 2 sheep" for "200 sheep gaits".



Entry No. 24 This property has 60 ac. of in-bye land. The registration includes a right of estovers, for the existence of which there was no evidence. Since the registration is for only 20 sheep gaits I confirm it with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 20 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 20 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "20 sheep gaits", and the deletion of "and estovers".

Entry No 25 This property has 294 ac. of in-bye land. The registration being in respect of 400 sheep gaits, I confirm it with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 400 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 400 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "400 sheep gaits".

Entry No 26 This property is a cottage with just over 1 ac. of land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "The right To graze 2 sheep" for "30 sheep gaits".

Entry No 27 This property is a cottage without any land. I confirm the registration with the deletion of the words "50 sheep gaits and".

<u>Entry No. 28</u> This is a property with $\frac{3}{4}$ ac. of orchard. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" for "100 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 29 This property consists of a school and school house with about Village $\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of land on which crops can be grown. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" for "400 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 30 This property has 3 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 7 sheep" for "30 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 31 This property has $\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" for "30 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 33 This property consists solely of the house site and garden. I confirm the registration with the deletion of the words "40 sheep gaits and"

Entry No 34 This property has an area of $\frac{1}{3}$ ac.. I confirm the registration with the deletion of the words "56 sheep gaits and".

Entry No. 35 This property, known as The Firs No. 1, and a property known as The Firs No. 2, which is the subject of the registration at Entry No 37, have a total area of $\frac{2}{3}$ ac. between them. It appears from the supplemental map that most of this area is attached to The Firs No. 2. I therefore confirm this registration with the deletion of the words "56 sheep gaits and".



Entry No 36 It appears from the supplemental map that this property has less than $\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of land attached to it. There was, however, evidence that threegeese had been grazed from this land for many years and Mr Hartley accepted this. I therefore confirm the registration with the deletion of the words "56 sheep gaits" and the substitution of the words "To graze 3 geese".

Entry No 37 This property, known as The Firs No 2, and a property known as The Firs No. 1, which is the subject of the registration at Entry No. 35, have a total area of $\frac{2}{3}$ ac. between them. It appears from the supplemental map that most of this area is attached to The Firs No. 2. I therefore confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep"for "56 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 38 This property has 26 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

(a) 65 sheep; or

(b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 65 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "100 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 40 This property has 3 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 7 sheep" for "400 sheep gaits.

Entry No. 41 This property has 15 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registrati with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

(a) 37 sheep; or

(b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 37 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "48 sheep gaits".

Entry No 42 This property has 15 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registratic with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 37 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 37 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "50 sheep gaits".

<u>Entry No 43</u> This property, known as The Stores, has $\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of land attached to it. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" for "400 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 44 This property has 8 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 20 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 20 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "100 sheep gaits".



Entry No 45 This property has about $\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" for "100 sheep gaits".

Entry No 47 This property consists of a house and a garden of less than 1 ac. The words "top stones and" in the application have been omitted from the registration. Since it would be possible to turn part of the garden into in-bye land, I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" for "12 sheep gaits" and the insertion of "top stones and" after "peat".

Entry No 48 This property comprises about $\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of garden and paddock. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" for "56 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 50 This property has no land attached to it on which crops can be grown. I confirm the registration with the deletion of "(a) The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 10 gaits (b)".

<u>Entry No 51</u> This property has about $\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" for "The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 150 gaits".

<u>Entry No 52</u> This property has about $\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" for "The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 100 gaits".

Entry No. 53 This property has 41 ac. of in-bye land attached to it, of which only 2 ac. are at present occupied with the cottage. I do not consider that the letting of most of the land has extinguished the right of stray. The registration is limited to 100 gaits but it includes a right of estovers, for the existence of which there was no evidence. So I confirm it with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (1) 100 sheep; or
- (ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 100 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 100 gaits", and the deletion of "estovers".

Entry No 54 This property has 45 ac. of in-bye land attached to it, none of which is at present let with the cottage. I do not consider that the letting of the land has extinguished the right of stray. The registration is limited to 100 gaits, so I confirm it with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

(i) 100 sheep; or

(ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 100 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "To graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 100 gaits".



Entry No 55 This property has 20 ac. of in-bye land attached to it. I confirm the registration with the substitution of :-

"To graze -

(i) 50 sheep; or(ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 50 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "To graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 100 gaits".

Entry No. 56 This property has 26 ac. of in-bye land attached to it. I confirm the registration with the substitution of :-

"To graze -

- (i) 65 sheep; or
- (ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 65 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "To graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 100 ga

This property includes only about $\frac{1}{4}$ ac. of land on which crops can Entry No 57 be grown. I confirm the registration with the deletion of "(a) To graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 25 gaits (b)".

Entry No 61 This property includes only about $\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of land on which crops can be grown. I refuse to confirm the registration.

Entry No 62 Mr larkin informed me that he had no instructions from his client regarding this registration. I therefore refuse to confirm it.

Entry No. 63 This registration is of a right of turbary only, I confirm it.

Entry No. 65 This property includes about $\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of land on which crops can be I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" grown. for "50 sheep gaits".

Entry No 66 This property consists in all of 31 perches, being a cottage, outbuildings, and garden ground adjoining. I confirm the registration with the deletion of "8 sheep gaits and".

Entry No. 67 This property has only $\frac{1}{4}$ ac. of land attached to it. I confirm the registration with the deletion of "15 sheep gaits and".

Entry No. 69 This property has 0.4 ac. of land, which is mostly garden. Ι confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" for "16 sheep gaits".

Entry No 70 This property includes about 1.178 ac. of land on which crops can be grown. I confirm the registration with the substitution of :- "To graze 2 sheep" for "100 sheep gaits".

Entry No 71 This property and the property the subject of the registration at Entry No 70 appear to have formed parts of the house numbered 148 in the 1908 Schedule. The two were included in a single application and there can be only one right attached to the whole. The evidence relates solely to the property the subject of the registration at Entry No 70, which I have confirmed with a modification. In these circumstances I can do no other than refuse to confirm this registration.



Entry No. 72 Mr Lakin informed me that he had no instructions from his client regarding this registration, so I refuse to confirm it.

Entry No 73 When the registration was made this property had 1 ac. of land attached to it, but it now has only $\frac{1}{4}$ ac. I confirm the registration with the deletion of "l6 sheep gaits and".

Entry No 76 This registration is of the right to cut and take away peat, bracken, and top stones. Mr Noel Jones said that the property had been conveyed to him and his wife on 28 September 1977 with the right to cut and take away peat, and that that was all he was claiming. I therefore confirm the registration with the deletion of "bracken, and top stones".

Entry No. 78 This property consists of the cottages numbered 219 and 221 in the 1908 Schedule, but the rights there stated were extinguished when it came into the ownership of Mr Darley. In April 1964 Mr Darley conveyed the property with all common rights. Mr Hartley submitted that this conveyance did not recreate the former rights. This, in my view, is correct. However, some effect must be given to the words in the conveyance relating to common rights, and this can only be done by construing it as a new grant of rights of common appurtenant of the same kind as the former rights appendant to the two cottages. There is now only just over 1 ac. of land attached to the property, so I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 2 sheep" for "200 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 79 This property has a yard and a garden with a total area of 0.7 ac., but there would be nothing to prevent the land which is now the garden being used for the support of one sheep. I therefore confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" for "50 sheep gaits".

Entry No 80 This property has a garden and an orchard with a total area of less than 1 ac. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheef" for "16 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 81 This property does not include any land on which crops can be grown. I confirm the registration with the deletion of "100 sheep gaits and".

Entry No. 82 This property has 2.2 ac. of garden and paddock. The registration includes a right of estovers, for the existence of which there was no evidence. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 5 sheep" for "100 sheep gaits", and the deletion of "and a right of estovers".

Entry No 84 This property has 33 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 82 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 82 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "200 sheep gaits".

Entry No 86 This property has 36 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze-

- (a) 90 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 90 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "200 sheep gaits".



Entry No 87 This property has 4 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 10 sheep or 2 sheep and 1 head of cattle or 2 sheep and 1 horse" for "200 sheep gaits".

Entry No 90 This property has l_2^1 ac of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 3 sheep" for "25 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 91 This registration is of a right to cut and take away peat, bracken, and top stones only. I confirm it.

Entry No 92 This property has 12 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution:-

"To graze -

- (a) 30 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 30 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "56 sheep gaits".

Entry No 93 This registration is of a right to cut and take away, peat, bracken, and top stones only. I confirm it.

Entry No. 94 This property does not include any land on which crops can be grown. I confirm the registration with the deletion of "16 sheep gaits and".

Entry No 96 This property does not include any land on which crops can be grown. I confirm the registration with the deletion of "50 sheep gaits and".

Entry No 98 The evidence as to the in-bye land attached to this property was unclear, but it appears from the supplemental map that it has an area approximately the same as that of the property the subject of the registration at Entry No 99, which has an area of 93 ac. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

- (a) 232 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 232 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "400 sheep gaits".

Entry No. 99 This property has 93 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

- "To graze -
 - (a) 232 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 232 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "400 sheep gaits".

Entry Nos 100 and 101 Each of these registrations is of the right to cut and take away peat, bracken, and top stones only. I confirm the registrations.

Entry No 102 This property has an area of 2r. 9p. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "Isheep" for "sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 24 gaits".



Entry No 103 Mr Lakin informed me that he had no instructions from his client regarding this registration. I therefore refuse to confirm it.

<u>Entry No 105</u> This property has a garden of less than half an acre. I refuse to confirm the registration.

Entry No. 106 This property has an area of approximately 2.7 ac., of which 0.41 ac. is a car park. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "5 sheep" for "sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 56 gaits".

Entry No. 107 This property has 212 ac. of in-bye land. Since the registration is limited to 200 gaits, I confirm it with the substitution of:-

- "To graze -
- (a) 200 sheep; or(b) sheep and catt
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 200 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "200 sheep gaits".

Entry No 108 Mr Lakin informed me that he had no instructions from his client regarding this registration, which I therefore refuse to confirm.

Entry No. 111 This property consists of two former cottages converted into a single dwellinghouse. The evidence as to the identity of the cottages with cottages mentioned in the 1908 Schedules was somewhat imprecise, but giving it my best consideration I have come to the conclusion on the balance of probabilities that the cottages were those numberd 240 and 246a in the 1908 Schedule. There is only $\frac{1}{4}$ ac. of garden attached to the property. I confirm the registration with the deletion of "(d) to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 8 gaits".

<u>Entry Noll2</u> This property includes approximately 4 ac. of land on which crops can be grown. The registration includes a right of pannage, for the existence of which there was no evidence. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:- "10 sheep" for "25 breeding ewes and their followers", and the deletion of "(d) the right of pannage for 2 pigs and their followers".

Entry No. 113 This property has 50 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "125 for "200".

Entry No 114 This property has 52 ac. of in-bye land. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "130" for "200".

Entry No 115 This registration is of the right to cut and take away peat only. I confirm it.

Entry No. 116 This property does not include any land on which crops can be grown. The registration includes the right to take estovers, for the existence of which there was no evidence. I confirm it with the deletion of "(d) To take estovers" and "(e) To graze sheep, cattle, donkeys, horses, geese and ducks to a limit of 32 gaits".

Entry No 117 This property includes approximately 220 ac. on which crops can be grown. Since the registration is of a right to graze 150 sheep, I confirm it.



Entry No 118 Mr Lakin informed me that he had no instructions from his client regarding this registration, which I refuse to confirm.

This property has an area of 2 ac. I confirm the registration Entry No. 119 with the substitution of "5 sheep" for "sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys and geese and ducks to a limit of 100 gaits".

Entry No. 120 This property is a cottage with a garden of $\frac{1}{2}$ ac. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "1 sheep" for "sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 9 gaits".

Entry No. 121 Mr Lakin informed me that this registration was no longer being I therefore refuse to confirm it. pursued.

Entry No 122 This property does not include any land on which crops can be grown. I refuse to confirm the registration.

Entry No. 123 \sim This property includes approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of land on which crops can be grown. I confirm the Registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep"for "The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 20 gaits".

Entry No. 124 This property includes approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ ac. of land on which crops can be grown. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep" for "The right to graze 25 sheep".

Entry No. 125 This property has two-thirds of an acre of garden. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "1 sheep" for "sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 100 gaits".

<u>Entry No 126</u> This registration is based on $2\frac{1}{2}$ sheep per acre of in-bye land. I therefore confirm it with the substitution of :-

- (i) 200 sheep; or(ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 200 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 200 gaits".

This registration is of a right of turbary only. I confirm it. Entry No 127

Entry No. 128 This property has approximately 6 ac. of in-bye land. The registration includes the rights of piscary and estovers, for the existence of which there was no evidence. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze -

"15 sheep or 7 sheep and 1 head of cattle or 7 sheep and 1 horse" for "The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 200 gaits" and the deletion of "the right of piscary (d) the right of estovers".

Entry No. 129 This property has $\frac{3}{4}$ ac. of garden. The registration includes the right of estovers, for the existence of which there was no evidence. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 1 sheep " for "the right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 400 gaits" and the deletion of "the right of estovers (c)".



Entry No 130 Mr Lakin informed me that he had no instructions from his client regarding this registration. I therefore refuse to confirm it.

Entry No 132 This property does not include any land on which crops can be grown. The registration includes the right of estovers, for the existence of which there was no evidence. I confirm the registration with the deletion of "(a) The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 400 gaits; (b) the right of estovers (c)".

Entry No 136 This property has an area of about $2\frac{1}{2}$ ac. I confirm the registration. with the substitution of "To graze 6 sheep" for "The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 400 gaits".

Entry No 137 This property comprises about 4 ac. of land which was purchased with the house No 245 in the 1908 Schedule. Mr H Paris, the present owner, subsequently purchased from the same vendors 2.24 ac. of land without a house, the conveyance stating that it was conveyed with a common right. I am not satisfied on the evidence that this area of 2.24 ac. was originally attached to the house numbered 245 in the 1908 Schedule. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-"To graze 10 sheep or 2 sheep and 1 head of cattle or 2 sheep and 1 horse" for "The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 400 gaits".

Entry No 138 This property has only one-third of an acre of land attached to it. The registration includes the right of estovers, for the existence of which there was no evidence. There was, however, evidence that Squadron Leader W Hall, the owner of the property, had acquired a right to graze geese by prescription and Mr Hartley accepted that 25 was a reasonable quantification of this right. I therefore confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 25 geese (b)" for "The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 400 gaits (b) The right of estovers (c)".

Entry No 139 The area of this property is less than $\frac{1}{4}$ ac. The registration includes the right of estovers, for the existence of which there was no evidence. I confirm the registration with the deletion of "(a) The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 400 gaits (b) The right of estovers (c)".

Entry No 140 This property has 1 ac. of orchard, garden, and lawn. The registration includes the right of estovers, for the existence of which there was no evidence. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 2 sheep (b)" for "The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 400 gaits (b) The right of estovers (c)".

Entry No. 145 This property has approximately 1 ac. of garden and lawn. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "2" for "100".

Entry No 146 This property has about $1\frac{3}{4}$ ac. of land attached to it. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "To graze 3 sheep" for "The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 56 gaits".

Entry No 148 This registration is based on $2\frac{1}{2}$ sheep per acre of in-bye land. I therefore confirm it with the substitution of:-

"(i) 270 sheep;

(ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 270 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 270 gaits".



<u>Entry No 149</u> This property has 65 ac. of in-bye land attached to it. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze

- (a) 162 sheep; or
- (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 162 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

over the whole of the land comprised in this register unit"

for the entry in column 4.

<u>Entry No. 150</u> This registration is based on $2\frac{1}{2}$ sheep per acre of in-bye land. I therefore confirm it with the substitution of:-

- "(i) 162 sheep,
- (ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 162 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 162 gaits".

<u>Entry No 151</u> This registration is based on $2\frac{1}{2}$ sheep per acre of in-bye land. I therefore confirm it with the substitution of:-

- "(i) 127 sheep;
- (ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 127 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese, and ducks to a limit of 127 gaits".

Entry No. 152 This registration is based on $2\frac{1}{2}$ sheep per acre of in-bye land. I therefore confirm it with the substitution of:-

- "(i) 153 sheep;
- (ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 153 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait".

for "sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese, and ducks to a limit of 153 gaits".

Entry No 153 This registration is based on $2\frac{1}{2}$ sheep per acre of in-bye land. I therefore confirm it with the substitution of:-

"(i) 64 sheep;

(ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 64 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese, and ducks to a limit of 64 gaits".

Entry No 154 This registration is based on $2\frac{1}{2}$ sheep per acre of in-bye land. I therefore confirm it with the substitution of:-

- "(i) 225 sheep;
- (ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 225 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese, and ducks to a limit of 225 gaits".



Entry No 156 This property has 51 ac. of in-bye land attached to it. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "127" for "150"

Entry No. 157 This property has 90 ac. of in-bye land attached to it. I confirm the registration with the substitution of:-

"To graze

- (i) 225 sheep; or
- (ii) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 225 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait"

for "The right to graze sheep, cattle, horses, donkeys, geese and ducks to a limit of 250 gaits".

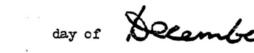
Entry No. 158 This property has 96 ac. of in-bye land attached to it. The registration is of the right to graze 200 sheep. I therefore confirm it.

Entry No. 160 This registration includes the right of estovers, for the existence of which there was no evidence. I confirm the registration with the deletion of "(a)" and "(b) The right of estovers".

Entry No. 161 The right of common appentant to this property was extinguished when it came into the ownership of Mr Darley. However, Mr Hartley accepted that when it was sold to Mr J W Aconley on 31 May 1978 rights of common were attached to it, but only $\frac{3}{4}$ ac. of land was conveyed with it. I confirm the registration with the substitution of "1" for "110".

I am required by regulation 30(1) of the Commons Commissioners Regulations 1971 to explain that a person aggrieved by this decision as being erroneous <u>in point</u> of law may, within 6 weeks from the date on which notice of the decision is sent to him, require me to state a case for the decision of the High Court.

Dated this



1979



CHIEF COMMONS COMMISSIONER

Note: This section contains the registration of every right of common registered under the A exercisable over the whole or any part of the I described in the land section of this register un

Register of COMMON LAND

RIGHTS SECTION-Sheet No. 30 - SECTION B

| 1 No. and date of entry | 2 No. and date of application | 3 Name and address of every applicant for registration, and the capacity in which he applied | 4 Particulars of the right of common, and of the land over which it is exercisable | 5 Particular the right i |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 166 3rd Sept., 81 | dated 3rd 40-45, 47- 145, 146, | July, 1981 made by G. D. Squibb, Chi 49, 50-57, 63, 65-67, 69, 70, 73, 76 148-154, 156-158, 160, 161, 163-165, the Bights Section (Section B) of t | gistration Act, 1965, in accordance with Notices of ef Commons Commissioner the registrations at Entry N , 78-82, 84, 86, 87, 90-94, 96, 98-102, 106, 107, 11 became final on the 15th February, 1980 with amendm he register; and the registrations at Entry Nos. 2, 07, 102, 104, 105, 108, 109, 110, 118, 121, 122, 1 | os. 1, 1-117, ents as 16, 22, |
| | 64, 68, 71 | , 72, 74, 75, 77, 83, 85, 88, 89, 9. 159 and 162 became VOID on the same | , 97, 103, 104, 105, 108, 109, 110, 118, 121, 122, 1 date. Ref: 268/D/283-287. | 50, 151 |
| 167 20th Sept., 1983 | | Registration amendment: entr | No. 25 above is replaced by entries Nos. 4 | 68 and |
| 168 20th Sept., 1983 | N.Y. 128 26/11/82 | Peter Henry Ostick Ruddock and Valerie Patricia Ruddock Low Askew Farm, Cropton, North Yorkshire. | To graze (a) 205 sheep; or (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 205 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait and to cut and take away peat, top stones and bracken over | Part of red on this un |
| | N.Y. 137 | Willis Brown Metcalfe, | the whole of the land comprised in this register unit. (Registration amendment) To graze | Part o |
| 20th Sept., | | Hutton Hill, Ripon, North Yorkshire. | (a) 195 sheep; or (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 195 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep as 1 gait and to take away top stones and to cut and take away bracken over the whole of the land comp- rised in this register unit. (Registrat: | red on this ur |
| 170 | | Registration amendment: Entr | amendment) y No. 6 above is replaced by Entry Nos. 171 | and 17 |
| 16/4/85 174 -16/4/85 | N.Y. 195 19/2/85 | Mrs. D. P. Stevens, High House Farm, Rosedale West, North Yorkshire. | To graze (a) 81 sheep; or (b) sheep and cattle and horses togethe: to a limit of 81 gaits, each head of cat or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sh as 1 gait and to cut and take away peat, top stones and bracken over the whole of the land comprised in this register unit | le bea |
| | | | (Registration amendment) | |
| 16/4/85 | | | The rights have been extinguished | |

C.R. Form 3

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COMMONS REGISTRATION ACT 1965

NOTE: This section contains the registration of every right of common registered under the Act as exercisable over the whole or any part of the land described in the land section of this register unit.

US REGISTRATION ACT 1965

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27 JUN 1968

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Register of COMMON LAND

RIGHTS SECTION-Sheet No. 11

| 1 No. and date of entry | 2 No. and date of application | 3 Name and address of every applicant for registration, and the capacity in which he applied | 4 Particulars of the right of common, and of the land over which it is exercisable | 5 Particular the right |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|------------------------------|
| | (See ent No1.66 | | For the purposes of this register unit 1 sheep gait gives the right to graze 1 breeding ewe with follo- wers, 3 geese or 3 ducks and 8 sheep gaits gives the right to graze 1 head of cattle, 1 donkey or 1 horse with a follower up to 1 year old. | |
| 37 27th June,68 | 505 28th May,68 " | George Taylor Stephenson, The Firs, Appleton le Moors. Owner. | 56 sheep gaits and to cut and take away peat, brac- ken and top stones over the whole of the land com- prised in this register unit. (Registration Provisional) | The Fin mental |
| 38 27th June,68 | 482 28th May,68 <i>Y</i> | Frederick Ingleby, The Nook, Appleton le Moors. Owner. | 100 sheep gaits and to cut and take peat, bracken and top stones over the whole of the land comprised in this register unit. (Registration Provisional) | The Noc mental |
| 39 27th June,68 | 488 28th May,68 // | Ethel Stansfield, Sellers House, Appleton le Moors. Owner. | 8 sheep gaits and to cut and take away peat, brac- ken and top stones over the whole of the land com- prised in this register unit. (Registration Provisional) | |
| 40 27th June,68 | 506 28th May,68 1/ | John William Clemmit, Appleton le Moors, Owner | 400 sheep gaits and to cut and take peat, top stones and bracken over the whole of the land comp- rised in this register unit. (Registration Provisional) | Propert |
| * | | This sheet has been, | replaced by a mesh edition on 3 | Septe |

C.R. Form 3

Registration authority North Riding County Council. Register unit No. C.L.162 Edition No. See Overleaf for Notes rs of the land (if any) to which is attached rs, Appleton le Moors shown edged red on the supplemap bearing the number of this register unit. ok, Appleton le Moors shown edged red on the supplemap bearing the number of this register unit. House, Appleton le Moors shown edged red on the mental map bearing the number of this register unit. y at Appleton le Moors shown edged red on the supal map bearing the number of this register unit. imber 1981.

COMMONS REGISTRATION ACT 1965

NOTE: This section contains the registration of every right of common registered under the A exercisable over the whole or any part of the I described in the land section of this register un

Register of COMMON LAND

RIGHTS SECTION-Sheet No. 8 - SECTION B

| | 1 No. and date of entry | 2 No. and date of application | 3 Name and address of every applicant for registration, and the capacity in which he applied | 4 Particulars of the right of common, and of the land over which it is exercisable | 5 Particular the right i |
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| (See entry No1.6.6 be (| 32 27th June, W) 68 | 465 28th May, 68 | Florence Annie Staveley, West View, Appleton le Moors. Owner. | 50 sheep gaits and to cut and take away bracken and a right of estovers over the whole of the land comprised in this register unit. (Registration Provisional) | West on the of t |
| (See entry | 33 68 | 469 28th May, 68 | Elsie Catherine Endecott, Woodward Cottage, Appleton le Moors. Owner. | To cut and take away peat over the whole of the land comprised in this register unit. (Registration Provisional) | Wood edged the i |
| No1.6.6. | 34 27th June, 68 | 502 28th May, 68 | Violet Joyce Evelyn Tomlinson, Sunset, Appleton le Moors. Owner. NOT KNOWN AT THIS ADDRESS | To cut and take peat, bracken and top stones over the whole of the land comprised in this register unit. (Registration Provisional) | Mayf red numb |
| (See entry NoI.Cob. h | Inc | 502 28th May, 68 | Violet Joyce Evelyn Tomlinson, Sunset, Appleton le Moors. Owner. NOT KNOWN ATTHIS ADDRESS | To cut and take peat, bracken and top stones, over the whole of the land comprised in this register unit. (Registration Provisional) | The red numb |
| (see entry No. 166 F | 27th June | 502 28th May, 68 | Violet Joyce Evelyn Tomlinson, Sunset, Appleton le Moors. Owner. NOT KNOWN ATTHIS ADDRES | To graze 3 geese and to cut and take away peat, bracken and top stones over the whole of the land comprised in this register unit. (Registration Provisional) | Suns red numb |
| (See entry No166 be | 157 | 505 28th May, 68 | George Taylor Stephenson, The Firs, Appleton le Moors. Owner. | To graze 1 sheep and to cut and take away peat, bracken and top stones over the whole of the land comprised in this register unit. (Registration Provisional) | The red numb |
| (See entry Nolldb. be ow) | 38 27th June, 68 | 482 28th May, 68 | Frederick Ingleby, The Nook, Appleton le Moors. Owner. | To graze (a) 65 sheep; or (b) sheep and cattle and horses together to a limit of 65 gaits, each head of cattle or horse counting as 8 gaits and each sheep | The red numb |
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C.R. Form 3

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