

Minerals and Waste Joint Plan

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Addendum of Proposed Changes Responses

September 2017

City of York Council North York Moors National Park Authority North Yorkshire County Council

Minerals and Waste Joint Plan Addendum Proposed Changes July 2017 – September 2017

Addendum Proposed Changes - Summary of responses

This stage was undertaken to provide an opportunity for representations to be made regarding the legal compliance and the 'soundness' of the Addendum of Proposed Changes on the Minerals and Waste Joint Plan before it is submitted for Examination in Public by an independent Planning Inspector.

Consultation

The Addendum of Proposed Changes of the Minerals and Waste Joint Plan was available for comment between the 12th July 2017 and 6th September 2017.

A wide range of consultees and stakeholders were contacted either by email or letter. All consultees were sent details of the consultation along with a statement of representations procedure, response form and guidance notes.

The request for comments on the Addendum of Proposed Changes document was publicised through a range of means consisting of:

- press release issued jointly by the three authorities;
- public notice in papers which provide geographical coverage over the plan area (York Press, Northern Echo, Yorkshire post);
- articles in the Authorities electronic newsletter 'NY NOW' and the Moors Messenger;
- posters displayed in libraries notice boards;
- Information on the North York Moors and City of York website;
- Twitter announcement by the three authorities;

Responses to consultation

A total of 143 comments were received form 37 respondents.

The dully made responses received are summarised in the attached report. Each response has a number allocated to it such as 1234/5678. The first number i.e. 1234 is the respondents unique reference number which was supplied in the acknowledgement email or letter, the second number is the unique reference for that particular comment.

002: Context		
002: Context		
Tarmac		0317/0016/PC043/S
0 1	2.026 PC043	Comment The proposed change to para 2.26 is supported in that the para is now consistent with NPPF paragraph 144 and therefore considered to be sound.
Site Reference		
CPRE (North Yorkshi		2173/0044/PC044
0 1	2.026 2C044	Comment The inclusion of the revised text in relation to Green Belt is welcomed and has ensured conformity with National Policy and Guidance on the matter, these changes are considered to be sound.
CPRE (North Yorkshi	re Region)	2173/0045/PC045/S
0 1	2.054 PC045	Comment The reference to conserving the important setting and coastline of the Flamborough Headland Heritage Coast is welcomed and the specific reference to the North East Marine Plan, the Marine Policy Statement is consistent with national policy and proposed change considered sound.
CPRE (North Yorkshi	re Region)	2173/0046/PC046/S
0 1	2.054 2C046	Comment The reference to conserving the important setting and coastline of the Flamborough Headland Heritage Coast is welcomed and the specific reference to the North East Marine Plan, the Marine Policy Statement is consistent with national policy and proposed change considered sound.
005: Minerals		
009: Crushed Rock		

Minerals Products Association		0115/0085/PC050/U
Paragraph	5.031p	Comment
Proposed Change	PC050	Policy M06 is not consistent with national policy and so considered unsound.
Policy Number	M06	The policy is not consistent with the wording in the NPPF Paragraph 145 with regards to the provision of landbanks for
Site Reference		crushed rock. The NPPF requires 'the maintenance of at least 10 years' and does not refer to a 'minimum 10 year landbank' as set out in Policy M06.
		The policy's requirement to source new reserves from outside the National Park and AONBs is also not consistent with National Policy. NPPF Paragraph 144 states:
		'as far as practical, provide for the maintenance of landbanks of non-energy minerals from outside National Parks, the Boards, Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty, World Heritage Sites, Scheduled Monuments and Conservation Areas.'
		As currently drafted the policy seems to imply no future development in the National Park regardless of the circumstances.
		Suggested Modification
		Reword the Policy to make it consistent with the NPPF
		A [minimum overall] landbank of AT LEAST10 years will be maintained for crushed rock throughout the Plan period. A separate [minimum 10 year] landbank OF AT LEAST 10 YEARS will be identified and maintained for Magnesian Limestone crushed rock throughout the Plan period.
		Where new reserves of crushed rock are required in order to maintain [the overall] A landbank [above the 10 year

Where new reserves of crushed rock are required in order to maintain [the overall] A landbank [above the 10 year minimum] OF AT LEAST 10 YEARS these will be sourced form outside the National Park and Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty AS FAR AS PRACTICAL.

Tarmac		0317/0017/PC050/LC.U
Paragraph	5.031p	Comment
Proposed Change	PC050	Although the wording of the proposed change is supported, Tarmac's initial representations regarding Policy M06
Policy Number	M06	remain. Policy M06 is not consistent with NPPF on two counts and is therefore considered unsound.
Site Reference		The wording of Policy M06 is not consistent with the wording of NPPF para 145 with regards to the provision of landbanks for crushed rock. The NPPF requires "the maintenance of at least 10 years" and does not refer to a "minimum 10 year landbank" as set out in Policy M06. The policy's requirement to source new reserves from outside the National Park and AONBs is not consistent with NPPF para 144, which states: " AS FAR AS IS PRACTICABLE [emphasis added], provide for the maintenance of landbanks of non-energy minerals from outside National Parks, the Broads, Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty, World Heritage Sites, Scheduled Monuments and Conservations Areas". Policy M06 seems to imply no future development in the National Park regardless of circumstances.
		Suggested Modification Policy M06 should be reworded as suggested below to make it consistent with the NPPF: "A landbank of AT LEAST 10 years will be maintained for crushed rock throughout the Plan period. A separate landbank OF AT LEAST 10 YEARS will be identified and maintained for Magnesian Limestone crushed rock throughout the Plan period.
		Where new reserves of crushed rock are required in order to maintain overall A landbank OF AT LEAST 10 YEARS thes will be sourced from outside the National Park and Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty AS FAR AS IS PRACTICABLE."

010: Maintenance of Primary Aggregate Supply

Historic England		0120/0006/PC098//S
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.035s PC098 M07 MJP06	Comment This Proposed Change is sound. The application site lies within the Swale/Ure river catchments. This larger area contains the most significant concentration of Neolithic and Bronze Age monuments and related archaeological deposits in the north of England. Within this area are seven henges, two cursus monuments, several barrows, enclosures, pit alignments and the Devil's Arrows standing stones. Many of the features within this landscape are scheduled as nationally important. The three henges on Thornborough Moor are unparalleled in their size, alignment and form, and the degree of preservation. The northern henge, currently under woodland, is probably the best preserved such monument in the country; only the great bank and ditch at Avebury exceeds it in scale. Historic England was involved in discussions regarding the application for mineral extraction from this site (Langwith House Farm) which is currently awaiting determination. In our response, we commented that we considered that the supporting information had demonstrated that there will not be a direct physical impact on known archaeological deposits associated with the Thornborough Henges or their key visual relationships. However, we did consider that further mineral extraction in this area would have a harmful cumulative impact on the setting of the heritage assets (designated and undesignated) associated with the Thornborough Henges, the promontory of Thornborough Moor on which they sit and, specifically, the ability to appreciate and experience them in their landscape. However, we considered that the mitigation measures proposed as part of that application offered a clear opportunity to reverse some of the harmful impacts of past quarrying in the landscape and to reconnect the henges with their landscape setting. Given the potential for nationally-important archaeological remains on at least part of this site, it is essential that any application is informed by a comprehensive archaeological assessment (including an evaluat
Tarmac Paragraph Proposed Change	5.035s PC098	0317/0020/PC098/LC.S Comment Support the addition of the proposed change under the development requirements criteria for the site allocation
Policy Number Site Reference	M07 MJP06	MJP06 at Langwith Hall Farm to include a requirement for any application to be supported by an archaeological assessment.

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Historic England		0120/0007/PC099/S
Paragraph	5.035s	Comment
Proposed Change	PC099	This Proposed Change is sound.
Policy Number	M07	The application site lies within the Swale/Ure river catchments. This larger area contains the most significant
Site Reference	MJP07	concentration of Neolithic and Bronze Age monuments and related archaeological deposits in the north of England. Within this area are seven henges, two cursus monuments, several barrows, enclosures, pit alignments and the Devil's Arrows standing stones. Many of the features within this landscape are scheduled as nationally important. The three henges on Thornborough Moor are unparalleled in their size, alignment and form, and the degree of preservation. The northern henge, currently under woodland, is probably the best preserved such monument in the country; only the great bank and ditch at Avebury exceeds it in scale. Archaeological evaluations within the site area have demonstrated the presence of archaeological features in the southern half of this site (identified in the Environmental Statement which accompanied Application No NY/2011/0242/ENV as Area D). These should be considered as having high archaeological value and are part of, and contribute to, our understanding of the significance of the Thornborough landscape. Given the potential for nationally-important archaeological remains on at least part of this site, it is essential that any application is informed by a comprehensive archaeological assessment (including an evaluation against the framework set out in Managing Landscape Change project). This Proposed Change reflects the recommendation of the Sustainability Appraisal Heritage Impact Assessment. The Development Requirements for the site East of Well includes one relating to the restoration scheme using opportunities to reconnect the Henges to their landscape setting. In view of the proximity of these two sites, it is wholly appropriate that a similar requirement should be included within its Development Requirements.
Tarmac		0317/0021/PC099/LC.S
Paragraph	5.035s	Comment
Proposed Change Policy Number	PC099 M07	Support the addition of the proposed change under the development requirements criteria for the preferred area MJP07 at Oaklands to include a requirement for any application to be supported by an archaeological assessment and

Policy Number M07 Site Reference MJP07

Kirkby Fleetham with Fencote Parish Council

0713/0001/PC100/LC.S Paragraph 5.035s Comment Proposed Change PC100 The Proposed Change is considered Legally Compliant and Sound. Policy Number M07 Site Reference MJP33

reconnection of henges to their landscape setting.

Kirkby Fleetham w	vith Fencote Pa	arish Council 0713/0002/PC101/LC.S
Paragraph	5.035s	Comment
Proposed Change	PC101	The Proposed Change is considered Legally Compliant and Sound.
Policy Number	M07	
Site Reference	MJP21	
Natural England		0110/0117/06101/166
-		0119/0117/PC101/LC.S
Paragraph Proposed Change	5.035s PC101	Comment Welcomes this clarification.
Proposed Change		welcomes this clarification.
Policy Number	M07	
Site Reference	MJP21	
Tarmac		0317/0022/PC101/LC.S
Paragraph	5.035s	Comment
Proposed Change	PC101	Support the additional wording "and connectivity" to be added to the last bullet point under the Development
Policy Number	M07	requirements criteria for the Killerby site allocation MJP21 which refers to restoration schemes.
Site Reference	MJP21	

Tarmac		0317/0023/PC102/U
Paragraph	5.035s	Comment
Proposed Change	PC102	Do not support the proposed revision to the site boundary of the Killerby site allocation MJP21 to exclude land
Policy Number	M07	nearest to the Killerby Hall Stable Block listed building. This has been made in response to the representations
Policy Number Site Reference	M07 MJP21	submitted by Historic England (Ref. 0120/0044/M07/U). This revision is not justified. Tarmac has previously submitted representations on this subject (Dec 2016 and Jan 2017) and it is considered that these are still valid and should be taken into account. See attached copy of the supporting archaeological assessment submitted on behalf of Tarmac by Wardell Armstrong (Dec 2016). Disagree that the setting of the listed stable block beside Killerby Hall includes the wider agricultural landscape and consider its setting to be the non registered park and garden. There has been change to the immediate surroundings of the stable block over time, not least a new large building (18x24m and 8.8m tall, granted under PD rights in 2014) and constructed approximately 50m away from it to the north, for the storage of biomass. The area which is to be removed from the allocations under PC102 broadly covers Phases 1A and 2A of the proposed extraction area (see attached figure). Once sand and gravel is extracted, this area would be used as silt lagoons progressively infilled and then restored back to agriculture; thus any change to the character of the land south east and beyond the currently non registered park and garden, from which the stable block could be appreciated, would be temporary and generally reversible. The revised site boundary for the allocation MJP21 will reduce the reserve by approximately 750,000 tonnes (6.8% of the deposit) and the duration of operations by 2 years. These reserves would thus be sterilised unnecessarily. The land in question is to be used following extraction of sand for silt disposal in formed lagoons. The position of these lagoons for sustainable operations, including water management reasons, needs to be in close proximity to the processing plant. The position of the processing plant has been sited in the most appropriate location following environmental and operational assessment; thus the location of the lagoons and the plant site are interdependent and the proposed site boundary revision
		Suggested Modification The original site boundary for the MJP21 Killerby site allocation should be reinstated.

Minerals Products	Association	0115/0087/PC102/U
Paragraph	5.035s	Comment
Proposed Change	PC102	Have no comments on the specific merits or otherwise of this site allocation but concerned that the site boundaries
Policy Number	M07	have been changed at this late stage in the Plan process as a matter of principle.
Site Reference	MJP21	A detailed sustainability appraisal has been undertaken by the mineral planning authority to inform the plan making process and it wrong as a matter of principle to reduce the site extent following the observations from Heritage England without detailed evidence. The issues of setting, if relevant, would be a matter to be properly tested at the planning application stage. It is not sustainable to sterilise mineral at this stage of the mineral plan process. Suggested Modification The original site boundary for the site allocation should be reinstated.
Kirkby Fleetham w	vith Fencote P	Parish Council 0713/0003/PC102/LC.S
Paragraph	5.035s	Comment
Proposed Change	PC102	The Proposed Change is considered Legally Compliant and Sound.

Policy Number

Site Reference

M07

MJP21

Historic England

Paragraph5.035sProposed ChangePC102Policy NumberM07

MJP21

, Site Reference

Comment

This Proposed Change is sound.

Following the last Consultation, we visited this site with the local planning authority and the Consultants acting for the applicants. This visit confirmed our concerns about the impact which mineral development in this location might have upon the Grade II Listed stable block to Killerby Hall. As a result we maintain our view that the Heritage Impact Assessment (HIA) has under-scored the degree of harm that the development of this area would be likely to cause to this designated heritage asset. Having said that, however, we now are in a position to confirm that, in our opinion, extraction from this area is unlikely to harm the setting of the other designated heritage assets in the vicinity of this site.

In terms of the Stable Block to Killerby Hall, the HIA which accompanied the Sustainability Appraisal considered that this site "forms an important part of the agricultural landscape context of the overall farm/hall complex, which is the primary setting of the building". Although this could not be said to be true of the whole of this extensive Allocation, certainly this is the case for the field which lies to the south-east of this Listed Building. From the public footpath which runs along the northern boundary of this field the buildings at Killerby Hall and, especially, the stable block are extremely prominent. As such the view from this part of the site enables the Listed stable block to be appreciated in the context of the other historic buildings at Killerby Hall, the parkland surrounding these buildings, and within its wider rural setting. In the words of the NPPF and its definition of setting, we consider these views make a positive contribution to the significance of the stable block.

That being the case, then the loss of this particular field and mineral extraction from it would, according to the scoring system used in the HIA, be likely to have a "Moderate Negative Effect" upon the stable block. Moreover, it does not appear from the Appraisal that this harm is capable of mitigation in a manner which, itself, would not harm the significance of this Listed Building. For example, screening would itself involve the introduction of a feature which is not typical of this particular landscape character and therefore cause harm to the setting of the Listed Building. When considering the impact of proposals upon the significance of a designated heritage asset, Para. 132 of the NPPF makes it clear that "great weight" should be given to the conservation of those assets. In addition, there is a requirement under S66 of the Planning (Listed Buildings or their setting or any features of special architectural or historic interest which they possess.

Therefore, an allocation which would be likely to result in harm to elements which contribute to the significance of a Listed Building would be contrary to both the provisions of the NPPF and to the statutory requirements set out in the 1990 Act unless there were clear public benefits which outweighed that harm.

The proposed amendment to the site's boundary will reduce the harm to the setting of this building.

Natural England Paragraph	5.035s	0119/0118/PC103/LC.S
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	PC103 M07 MJP17	Welcomes this clarification.
Tarmac Paragraph	5.035s	0317/0024/PC103/LC.S
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	PC103 M07 MJP17	Support the additional wording "and connectivity" to be added to the last bullet point under the Development requirements criteria for the Land South of Catterick site allocation MJP17 which refers to restoration schemes.
Kirkby Fleetham w	vith Fencote Pa	rish Council 0713/0004/PC103/LC.S
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.035s PC103 M07 MJP17	Comment The Proposed Change is considered Legally Compliant and Sound.
Kirkby Fleetham w	vith Fencote Pa	rish Council 0713/0005/PC104/LC.S
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.035s PC104 M07 MJP17	Comment The Proposed Change is considered Legally Compliant and Sound.

Comment This Proposed Change is sound. Following the last Consultation, we visited this site with the local planning authority and the Consultants acting for the applicants. The site visit confirmed our view that mineral development of this site is likely to harm the setting of both the Grade II Listed Rudd Hall and its neighbour the Grade II Listed Gyll Hall. Rudd Hall occupies a prominent hill-top site and has clearly been designed to command views across the surrounding andscape. The Heritage Impact Assessment (HIA), which accompanied the Sustainability Appraisal, considered that this site "forms an important part of the agricultural landscape context" of this building. We would concur with this evaluation. n a similar manner the principal elevation of Gyll Hall commands views in a southerly direction across the land which falls away from the house towards Lords Lane. Once again, the Assessment considered that this area formed part of
Following the last Consultation, we visited this site with the local planning authority and the Consultants acting for the applicants. The site visit confirmed our view that mineral development of this site is likely to harm the setting of both the Grade II Listed Rudd Hall and its neighbour the Grade II Listed Gyll Hall. Rudd Hall occupies a prominent hill-top site and has clearly been designed to command views across the surrounding andscape. The Heritage Impact Assessment (HIA), which accompanied the Sustainability Appraisal, considered that this site "forms an important part of the agricultural landscape context" of this building. We would concur with this evaluation. n a similar manner the principal elevation of Gyll Hall commands views in a southerly direction across the land which
applicants. The site visit confirmed our view that mineral development of this site is likely to harm the setting of both the Grade II Listed Rudd Hall and its neighbour the Grade II Listed Gyll Hall. Rudd Hall occupies a prominent hill-top site and has clearly been designed to command views across the surrounding andscape. The Heritage Impact Assessment (HIA), which accompanied the Sustainability Appraisal, considered that this site "forms an important part of the agricultural landscape context" of this building. We would concur with this evaluation. n a similar manner the principal elevation of Gyll Hall commands views in a southerly direction across the land which
the Grade II Listed Rudd Hall and its neighbour the Grade II Listed Gyll Hall. Rudd Hall occupies a prominent hill-top site and has clearly been designed to command views across the surrounding andscape. The Heritage Impact Assessment (HIA), which accompanied the Sustainability Appraisal, considered that this site "forms an important part of the agricultural landscape context" of this building. We would concur with this evaluation. n a similar manner the principal elevation of Gyll Hall commands views in a southerly direction across the land which
 ('the wider agricultural landscape" which is "important to the significance" of Gyll Hall. Again, we would agree with this evaluation. As a result, the HIA considered that the loss of this site and its subsequent development for minerals extraction would be likely to have a "moderately negative effect" on the significance of the both these Listed Buildings (i.e. the second-nighest magnitude of harm). We would endorse this conclusion. Moreover, it does not appear from the Appraisal that this harm is capable of mitigation in a manner which, itself, would not harm the significance of these designated heritage assets. When considering the impact of proposals upon the significance of a designated heritage asset, Para. 132 of the NPPF nakes it clear that "great weight" should be given to the conservation of those assets. In addition, there is a requirement under S66 of the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) Act that "special regard" should be nad to the desirability of preserving Listed Buildings or their setting or any features of special architectural or historic nterest which they possess. Cherefore, an allocation which would be likely to result in harm to elements which contribute to the significance of two Listed Buildings in its vicinity would be contrary to both the provisions of the NPPF and to the statutory requirements set out in the 1990 Act unless there were clear public benefits which outweighed that harm. C'he proposed amendment to the extent of Site MJP17 will help to reduce the harm to the setting of these Listed
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Minerals Products Association		0115/0088/PC104/U
Paragraph	5.035s	Comment
Proposed Change	PC104	Have no comments on the specific merits or otherwise of this site allocation but concerned that the site boundaries
Policy Number	M07	have been changed at this late stage in the Plan process as a matter of principle.
Site Reference	MJP17	A detailed sustainability appraisal has been undertaken by the mineral planning authority to inform the plan making process and it wrong as a matter of principle to reduce the site extent following the observations from Heritage England without detailed evidence. The issues of setting, if relevant, would be a matter to be properly tested at the planning application stage. It is not sustainable to sterilise mineral at this stage of the mineral plan process.
		Suggested Modification The original site boundary for the site allocation should be reinstated.

Tarmac		0317/0025/PC104/U
Paragraph	5.035s	Comment
Proposed Change	PC104	Do not support the proposed revision to the site boundary of the Catterick site allocation MJP17 to exclude land
Policy Number	M07	nearest to the Rudd Hall and Ghyll Hall listed buildings. This has been made in response to the representations
Policy Number Site Reference	M07 MJP17	submitted by Historic England (Ref. 0120/0044/M07/U). This revision is not justified. Tarmac have previously submitted representations on this subject (Dec 2016 and Jan 2017) and it is considered that these are still valid and should be taken into account. A summary of these representations is set out below. Given the orientation of the Rudd Hall front façade westwards towards the road that approaches it, and the fact that Rudd Hall farm is immediately east of the Hall at least partially blocking views eastwards, it is considered not proven that development of the allocation would cause the level of harm anticipated by Historic England (HE). Even if the extent of any potential extraction area were to be curtailed, the extent that this should be extended as proposed under PC104 is questionable. Ghyll Hall clearly faces south and there are a multitude of farm buildings to the east of it. There may be some justification to partially reduce the westward extent of an extraction area south of this Hall, and any boundary redrawn at this stage would require a more detailed assessment. The removal of the proposed fields from the allocation will reduce the reserve by approximately 1,030,500 tonnes ar the duration of operations by just over 2 years assuming 500,000 tonnes per annum production. As a result of the revised site boundary, the area of reserves proposed to be removed from the allocation are substantial, leaving only approximately 1.1m tonnes in a narrow north west corridor, a tonnage that would not be eccondically viable for a greenfield site. It has been proposed that, in general terms, landscape planting and temporary screening bunding would be put in place between the site and the listed buildings. Tarmac does not feel that the potential benefits of these measures to mitigate visual effects has been given due consideration and thus the reserves at the site could potentially be sterilised unnecessarily. The allocation of a site area does not necessarily mean that the whole of the land within the allocation co
		has been development, so as not to cause substantial harm to the setting of the listed buildings.
		Suggested Modification
		The original site boundary for the MJP17 Catterick site allocation should be reinstated.

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Hanson UK		1102/0036/PC053/U
Paragraph	5.072	Comment
Proposed Change	PC053	A planning application for Blubberhouses Quarry was submitted in December 2011. In July 2016 the application
Policy Number	M12	considered that all outstanding matters had been addressed and the application was in a position to be determined,
Site Reference	e Reference	to date it remains undetermined. The delay appears to be the potential re-alignment of the A59 which may impact the Blubberhouses site, since no proposals have as yet come forward it is not possible for the applicant to undertake an assessment of the design or cumulative impact of the potential re- alignment as part of the existing application. The applicant considers that the Council should determine the existing planning application, and that it should be for any road re-alignment planning application to consider and justify the design and cumulative impacts taking into consideration Blubberhouses Quarry. In light of this the revised wording of paragraph 5.72 is not considered to be justified, positively prepared or effective and suggest amending the text.
		Suggested Modification A further relevant consideration in respect of Blubberhouses Quarry is that the County Council (within its Local Transport Plan 4: strategy and strategic transport prospectus) and the York and North Yorkshire & East Riding Local Enterprise Partnerships (within its strategic economic plan) have identified the need to realign the A59 road at Kex Gill, near Blubberhouses quarry, as a key strategic priority. The existing alignment of the A59 in the Kex Gill area is subject to poor land stability issues, resulting in several road closures taking place on this regionally important strategic trans Pennine route over the past 15 years. A definitive proposed realignment is not yet available and there is no safeguarded route. ONCE A DEFINITIVE ROUTE HAS BEEN SAFEGUARDED, THE DESIGN OF THE A59 MAY NEED TO TAKE INTO ACCOUNT BLUBBERHOUSES QUARRY AND THE POTENTIAL FOR CUMULATIVE IMPACTS. [Work is currently on going identifying options, however there is potential for this project to overlap with the Blubberhouses quarry site. In this scenario there would be a need to ensure that the potential for conflict between road realignment and the quarry is reflected in design of both schemes and the potential for any cumulative impact taken into account where necessary.]
L3: Clay		
Natural England		0119/0120/PC106/LC.S
Paragraph	5.074s	Comment
Proposed Change	PC106	Welcomes the addition of the York-Selby Cycle Track SINC in the Key Sensitivities and Development Requirements for

Paragraph5.074sProposed ChangePC106Policy NumberM13Site ReferenceMJP55

allocation MJP55.

08 November 2017

CPRE (North Yorkshire Region)		2173/0047/PC106
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.074s PC106 M13 MJP55	Comment Welcome the reference to the York and Selby Cycle Track SINC within the 1st bullet point of key sensitivities within MJP55. A full archaeological assessment should be required prior to development (in line with those related suggested changes in PC98 and PC99 relating to sand and gravel sites) and alternative sites should be considered prior to any permission being granted.
015: Hydrocarbons		
Frack Free Ryedale Paragraph	e 5.107	3684/0051/PC056/LC.S.DTC
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	PC056	Supportive of the recognition that exploratory activity is intensive and for unconventional hydrocarbons the activity may take considerably longer than conventional sites. A time period of 12 to 25 weeks is given for conventional hydrocarbons but no estimate is given for unconventional hydrocarbons. This suggests that activity will last for a much longer period and any such period may be acceptable. Much of the Plan area is rural with low levels of background noise. Prolonged activity in the exploration stage will in many cases be unacceptable to local communities. Supportive of the proposed amendment to state that the production stage may include refracturing of existing wells. Suggested Modification Exploratory work should be limited to a defined period otherwise there will be excessive (and open ended) nuisance caused to the local community.
Zetland Group		2145/0012/PC056/U
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.107 PC056	Comment The Proposed Change to para 5.107 is not effective. Additional text suggested to para 5.107 first bullet point, to clarify that activity will be subsequent to drilling. Our comment at Publication stage on this paragraph still stands. Suggested Modification: For unconventional hydrocarbons, exploratory activity, SUBSEQUENT TO DRILLING, may take considerably longer, especially if hydraulic fracturing

Frack Free Ryedale		3684/0052/PC057/LC.S.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.107 PC057	Comment Supportive of the recognition that exploratory activity is intensive and for unconventional hydrocarbons the activity may take considerably longer than conventional sites. A time period of 12 to 25 weeks is given for conventional hydrocarbons but no estimate is given for unconventional hydrocarbons. This suggests that activity will last for a much longer period and any such period may be acceptable. Much of the Plan area is rural with low levels of background noise. Prolonged activity in the exploration stage will in many cases be unacceptable to local communities. Supportive of the proposed amendment to state that the production stage may include refracturing of existing wells. Suggested Modification Exploratory work should be limited to a defined period otherwise there will be excessive (and open ended) nuisance caused to the local community.
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.107 PC057	4124/0123/PC057/S Comment This proposed change is supported and should be included in the final Plan.
Frack Free Ryedale Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	9 5.111 PC058	Comment The proposed change of words is contradictory when compared to the description of the exploration stage (i.e. early stage of development) given in the summary in para. 5.107 first bullet point. Here the plan text talks about 'temporary and intermittent activity'. The words in 5.107 talk of 'intense activity' and goes on to say that this will be (in case of unconventional hydrocarbons) for a considerably longer period. Suggested Modification There cannot be two different descriptions. The Plan here must state the same as 5.107 that 'there will be intense activity in the early stages of development of a well site, which could extend for 12-25 years for conventional hydrocarbons and potentially considerably longer for unconventional hydrocarbons'

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Frack Free Ryedale		3684/0062/PC059/LC.U.DTC
	5.112 2C059	Comment For the sake of clarity and to be consistent with national policy an addition should be made after the proposed amended wording. Suggested Modification Suggest the addition of the following in relation to and immediately following the new sentence in para. 5.112 that states'ALTHOUGH THE ONSITE STORAGE OF SUCH RETURNED WATER AND THE TRAFFIC MOVEMENTS ASSOCIATED WITH REMOVING THE WATER IS A MATTER FOR THE MPA, AS DIRECTED BY PARAGRAPH 112 OF THE MINERALS PPG.'
Zetland Group Paragraph 5.	5.112	Comment 2145/0013/PC059/U
Proposed Change PC Policy Number Site Reference	PC059	The Proposed Change to para 5.112 is not effective. The proposed change does not fully reflect the regulatory role of the Environment Agency which, for clarity, includes the management of extractive waste, groundwater protection, soil contamination, air pollution and NORM.
Third Energy Limited	5.112	2762/0100/PC059/U
	2C059	Considers the proposed change is not effective as it does not reflect the full established regulatory role of the Environment Agency which includes not just management of returned water and NORM but also air pollution, soil contamination, groundwater protection and the management of extractive waste.
Third Energy Limited		2762/0101/PC061/U
0 1	5.118 2C061	Comment Considers the proposed change is not effective as it reduces the scope of the statement to just pollution control regimes implying that the Mineral Planning Authority reserves the right to focus on other potential impacts that fall outside pollution control, e.g. induced seismicity that is within the remit of the Oil & Gas Authority. This is in contradiction to the statement made at Paragraph 17 of the Addendum (under the heading Explanation of Proposed Changes).

Frack Free Ryedale	•	3684/0063/PC061/LC.U.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.118 PC061	Comment Suggest additional text to align the Plan more closely with national policy. Suggested Modification The following should be added to the final amendment to para. 5.118 'HOWEVER, THE MPA MUST SATISFY THEMSELVES THAT ISSUES CAN BE AND WILL BE ADEQUATELY ADDRESSED BY THE RELEVANT REGULATORY BODY.'
United Kingdom O	nshore Oil an	d Gas (UKOOG) 3997/0106/PC062/U
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.119 PC062	Comment Paragraph 5.119(g) should be removed. The nature of activities required to extract conventional or unconventional hydrocarbons will vary on a site by site basis. UKOOG see no justification for this paragraph, which is therefore considered to be unsound.
Egdon Resources (UK) Limited	0150/0090/PC062/LC.U.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.119 PC062	Comment Disagrees as the text still contradicts Policy M9 of the adopted Lincolnshire M&WLP (2016) that makes clear that there is no difference in planning terms between conventional and unconventional hydrocarbons. Moreover, neither NPPF or Minerals PPG makes any distinction between conventional and unconventional hydrocarbons. The focus should be on exploration, appraisal and production stages. It should be amended to more accurately reflect the great importance the Government attaches to hydrocarbon extraction in national policy and guidance and to enable the delivery of sustainable development. Suggested text change is: IT IS CONSIDERED THAT THERE IS NO JUSTIFIABLE REASON IN PLANNING POLICY TERMS TO SEPARATE SHALE GAS FROM OTHER HYDROCARBON DEVELOPMENT. ALL HYDROCARBON DEVELOPMENT HAS THE POTENTIAL TO DELIVER NATIONAL ENERGY REQUIREMENTS, BUT SHOULD BE SUBJECT TO ENVIRONMENTAL SAFEGUARDS.
Cuadrilla Resource	s Ltd	3704/0112/PC062/LC.U.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.119 PC062	Comment Para 5.119 g) to be removed as it doesn't add any further value. The nature of activities required to extract conventional or unconventional hydrocarbons would vary on a site by site basis. Such activities would not necessarily be consistent between different sites where conventional (or unconventional) geology was present at both sites. Proposed Modification Delete Para 5.119 g)

		4194/0129/PC062/U
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.119 PC062	Comment PC62 makes the distinction between conventional and unconventional hydrocarbons based on the porosity or permeability of the rocks they are produced from, without giving a precise definition of what conventional and unconventional mean. While shale gas and coal bed methane are well known as unconventional hydrocarbons, tight gas can also be regarded as unconventional as it requires fracturing. The proposed change is not justified as when a planning application is submitted there may be a dispute about whether certain hydrocarbons are conventional or unconventional. The definition of unconventional hydrocarbons before the proposed change is more appropriate. The definition made it clear that that shale gas and coal bed methane are always regarded as unconventional hydrocarbons while other hydrocarbons are also regarded as unconventional if hydraulic fracturing is used. The proposed change is not in compliance with national policy as the effect would be to remove restrictions on unconventional hydrocarbon development from some development which includes hydraulic fracturing. The restrictions which will be removed would include spatial restrictions in part e) of Policy M16, which apply to sites being re-purposed from conventional to unconventional hydrocarbon development. Suggested Modification This change should not be included in the Plan and the definition of conventional and unconventional hydrocarbons should remain as in the Publication document. This will make the plan better justified as it will make the distinction between conventional and unconventional hydrocarbons clearer and the way the policies will be applied will also be clearer. The removal of the proposed change will also make the plan more consistent with paragraphs 110 and 123 of the NPPF as it will limit the spread of the unconventional gas industry.
CPRE (North Yorkshire Region)		2173/0053/PC062
Paragraph	5.119	Comment
Proposed Change	PC062	It would be helpful to provide more definitions within this paragraph to explain what is meant by 'short-term' and 'long-term' activities in relation to that set out in the Minerals PPG for greater clarity.
Policy Number Site Reference		It would also be useful to use the Minerals PPG definition of conventional hydrocarbons setting out that 'higher
Site Reference		geology' reservoirs often mean sandstone and limestone.
		Fully support the revision to point σ) of this paragraph in relation to the fact it is possible to draw distinctions between

Fully support the revision to point g) of this paragraph in relation to the fact it is possible to draw distinctions between conventional and unconventional hydrocarbon activity by the details of the proposals.

Frack Free Ryedale	e	3684/0064/PC062/LC.U.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.119 PC062	Comment Suggest an amendment to 5.119 bullet d as below Support 5.119 bullet f - i.e. fracking is fracking. The definition is outwith the Infrastructure Act 2015 definitions, which although is a statutory document is not a planning document therefore the Joint Plan Team are entitled to apply there own definition for the purposes of the Plan with a suitably justified reason. Support the proposed amendments to 5.119 bullet g. Associated hydraulic fracturing is defined in section 50 of the Infrastructure Act 2015. Fracking is fracking and therefore whether the volume of any fracturing operation is over or just under the 'defined amount' it should be treated the same for planning purposes. Otherwise there will be applications for hydraulic fracturing which will have the same level of Environmental Impact but be technically under the threshold, as defined in the Infrastructure Act, and so will not gain the same level of scrutiny by the MPA. 5.119 deals with definitions and it would be helpful to define short-term and long-term using the Minerals PPG as a reference. Significant harm would be another term which would benefit from a definition. Suggested Modification In relation to 5.119 bullet d suggest this is amended to state 'FOR EXAMPLE WHERE THE RESERVOIR IS SANDSTONE OR LIMESTONE' in line with national policy.
Third Energy Limit	ed	2762/0102/PC062/U
Paragraph	5.119	Comment
Proposed Change	PC062	Considers the proposed change is not effective as the section is entitled 'Definitions' but the amended text for g) is not
Policy Number		a definition but a conjecture about possible future scenarios. Considers the proposed change is not legally compliant as there is not evidence that the conjecture has been validated through co-operation with Oil & Gas Authority (who
Site Reference		approve field development plans) nor with representatives of the industry.

INEOS Upstream L Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	td 5.119 PC062	Comment The change implies greater complexity and impact from unconventional gas and the requirement for a greater number of well pads and individual wells. The issue is not the number but the scale and impact. Unconventional gas sites are smaller and may have less impact. Given the principle that all planning decisions are made on their merits on the basis of what the decision maker finds proposed for a site and how to mitigation is proposed to be addressed this is placing a question in the decision maker's mind rather than allowing for objective assessment. Paragraph 5.119 provides definitions of hydrocarbon development for use when implementing the plan. INEOS objects to the definition contained in 5.119 f) as it is contrary to Section 50 of the Infrastructure Act 2015. It states hydraulic fracturing includes the fracturing of rock under pressure regardless of the volume of fracture fluid used. This definition is incorrect and contrary to current legislation. Other concerns with para 5.119 are the use of incorrect or irrelevant terminology in the definitions e.g. conventional drilling, unconventional techniques, more conventional less complex drilling. These technical and non-technical definitions need to be corrected to avoid misinterpretation and misguiding the public on what is hydrographed.
Frack Free Ryedale		what is hydrocarbon development. The views of UKOOG on this matter are also supported. Suggested Modification Amend the text to address the criticisms above. 3684/0065/PC063/LC.U.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.122 PC063 M16	Comment Consider that an additional sentence should be included at the end of the amended paragraph 5.122. Suggested Modification AS PER PARAGRAPH 5.124 OF THIS PLAN, THE MPA ARE AWARE THAT THE SAME ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS CAN OCCUR WHEN HYDRAULIC FRACTURING OR FRACKING OF CONVENTIONAL AND UNCONVENTIONAL HYDROCARBONS AT A THRESHOLD BELOW THE DEFINITION SET BY THE INFRASTRUCTURE ACT AND PETROLEUM ACT, THEREFORE, ALL APPLICATIONS WHICH INVOLVE FRACTURING IN THESE PROTECTED AREAS WILL BE TREATED THE SAME IN POLICY TERMS, IN LINE WITH THE PLAN'S DEFINITION SET OUT IN PARAGRAPH 5.119 F.
Zetland Group Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.122 PC063 M16	2145/0014/PC063/U Comment The Proposed Change to para 5.122 is not effective. Section 4B(1) of the Petroleum Act 1998 does not contain the definition of associated hydraulic fracturing, as is stated.

		4196/0097/PC063/U		
Paragraph	5.122	Comment		
Proposed Change	PC063	Does not consider it could be effective as many of the fracked wells in the USA would not be counted as fracking		
Policy Number	M16	under the definition of using 1,000 cubic litres or more of fluid. Queries what is to stop companies saying they are		
	WIIO	using a few litres less and thus avoiding regulation. Considers the plan should apply to all hydraulic fracturing as it		
Site Reference		would be virtually impossible to monitor and regulate the quantity of fluid used.		
		4194/0130/PC063/U		
Paragraph	5.122	Comment		
Proposed Change	PC063	This change refers to section 4B1 of the Petroleum Act 1998. This amendment brought in with the Infrastructure Act		
Policy Number	M16	2015 defines hydraulic fracturing as using more than 1,000 cubic metres of fluid in one stage or more 10,000 cubic		
Site Reference		metres overall. This is a misleading definition. While the change does not adopt this definition for the Plan the point		
		needs to be clarified as PC62 and PC66 open the door to such a definition.		
		The definition of hydraulic fracturing is an important issue. Government introduced measures to protect National		
		Parks from surface development including hydraulic fracturing, but the protection was undermined by the		
		Infrastructure Act and its definition of hydraulic fracturing. The effect of the Infrastructure Act is to allow hydraulic		
		fracturing with less than 10,000 cubic metres of fluid per well to be used within National Parks and AONBs. If the same		
		definition is used in the Minerals and Waste Joint Plan the protections included in the plan will also be undermined.		
		The proposed change is not justified as it would threaten all of the important protections against the harm that would		
		be cause by hydraulic fracturing.		
		The proposed change loosens controls on hydraulic fracturing and is not compatible with paragraphs 110, 123 or 115		
		of the NPPF.		
		Suggested Modification		
		The proposed change should make clear that the definition of hydraulic fracturing, included in paragraph 5.119 of the		
		Plan will be used and the definition included in the Infrastructure Act will not be used. This will make the Plan sound		
		and better justified and consistent with National Policy as would protect the region from environmental harm and		
		noise hydraulic fracturing will cause.		
United Kingdom O	Onshore Oil an	Gas (UKOOG) 3997/0107/PC063/U		

Paragraph	5.122	Comment
Proposed Change	PC063	Considers there is no justification as to why the same planning restrictions under the Act for the specific purpose of
Policy Number	M16	controlling development of 'associated hydraulic fracturing' apply to other oil and gas activity, our assertion is that this
Site Reference		position is therefore unsound. It is also unnecessarily restrictive.

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Mowardian Hills AONBParagraph5.122Paragraph5.122Proposed ChangePC063Policy NumberM16Site ReferenceVerelopment Restrictions have been fully incorporated into the proposed change.
Paragraph5.122CommentProposed ChangePC063Does not consider it could be effective as many of the fracked wells in the USA would not be counted as fracking under the definition of using 1,000 cubic litres or more of fluid. Queries what is to stop companies saying they are using a few litres less and thus avoiding regulation. Considers the plan should apply to all hydraulic fracturing as it would be virtually impossible to monitor and regulate the quantity of fluid used.
Paragraph5.122CommentProposed ChangePC063Does not consider it is sound as it is not effective and not deliverable. Considers the plan should apply to all hydraulic fracturing irrespective of the quantity of fluid used as it will be virtually impossible to, measure, monitor and regulate (enforce) the quantity of fluid used. Queries what is to stop companies saying they are using a few litres less and thus avoiding regulation. Queries what criteria might be applied to enable an operator to 'persuasively demonstrate why requiring such consent would not be appropriate in their case'. Suggests that such an important issue should be judged on defined robust objective criteria to ensure consistency and fairness in decision making, which is crucial for the wellbeing of communities and citizens and it should be sufficiently defined and detailed within the Plan.
Ryedale Liberal ParagraphStillParagraph5.122CommentProposed ChangePC063The paragraph at Publication was incomprehensible and therefore not effective and the proposed changes has not improved this position.Policy NumberM16Interpretent of the proposed changes has not improved this position.Site ReferenceVerticeVertice
Frack Free Ryedale3684/0066/PC065/LC.S.DTCParagraph5.124CommentProposed ChangePC065Support the addition at the end of paragraph 5.124 and recognise that sites will need to be treated on a site by site

CPRE (North Yorkshire Region)		2173/0054/PC066
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference Egdon Resources (N Paragraph	5.124 PC066 M16 JK) Limited 5.124	Comment Support the inclusion of the last sentence as set out in the addendum. It makes it clear that proposals for the production of conventional gas resources, can generate a similar range of issues and potential impacts to those associated with unconventional gas therefore the same policy approach will apply. 0150/0091/PC066/LC.U.DTC Comment
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	PC066 M16	Addendum does not provide clarity and does not address the fundamental problem with Policy M16 which seeks to apply restrictions to hydraulic fracturing for conventional gas resources. It is not for the Plan to change the definition of hydraulic fracturing which has been defined in the Infrastructure Act 2015. It should be amended to more accurately reflect the great importance the Government attaches to hydrocarbon extraction in national policy and guidance and to enable the delivery of sustainable development.
INEOS Upstream Lt		3703/0138/PC066/LC.U.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.124 PC066 M16	Comment The revised text states that " However, it is not the intention of the Minerals Planning Authority to unreasonably restrict activity typically associated with production of conventional resources." two issues arise from this. Firstly there is an implication that there will be a restriction on unconventional fracturing operations over and above the Infrastructure Act. Secondly, there is a question about how "unreasonably" is defined. Significant restrictions could be placed on activity before it reaches the point where it is judged unreasonable. This provides the decision maker with the scope to bring into their decision making their own prejudices, real or unintended, and to bow to outside pressure. This would not be objective decision making; it would be outside the scope of what is normally considered 'sound' in plan making; and for these reasons the word unreasonable is not considered acceptable in development plan policy because it replaces objectivity with subjectivity in decision making. Para 5.124 states that the new regulations and proposed surface protections would only apply to high volume fracturing. However the publication draft states that it is not considered appropriate to distinguish between this and lower levels of activity. This is introducing a control that does not exist in national regulations and guidance. This is contrary to Section 50 of the 2015 Infrastructure Act.

Amend the text to address all the criticisms above.

Frack Free RyedaleParagraph5.12Proposed ChangePCOPolicy NumberM16Site ReferenceP	Support the addition at the end of paragraph 5.124 and recognise that sites will need to be treated on a site by site
Paragraph5.12Proposed ChangePCOPolicy NumberM16Site Reference*********************************	PC66 retreats from the previous version of the Plan, which in paragraph 5.119 says hydraulic fracturing 'includes fracturing of real-under hydraulic pressure regardless of the volume of fluid used 'While PC66 does not delete the
Cuadrilla Resources LtdParagraph5.12Proposed ChangePCOPolicy NumberM16Site ReferenceSite Reference	6 Clarification has been provided (PC63) regarding the thresholds of 1,000 cubic metres of fluid defined as 'associated

		4124/0124/PC067/5
Paragraph	5.127	Comment
Proposed Change	PC067	This proposed change is supported and should be included in the final Plan.
Policy Number	M16	
Site Reference		
Frack Free Ryedale	2	
-		3684/0068/PC067/LC.S.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change	5.127 PC067	Support the additional sentence in Para 5.127 as recognise that equipment will be on site for the long term which is
		understood to be the reality.
Policy Number	M16	
Site Reference		
INEOS Upstream Ltd		3703/0139/PC067/LC.U.DTC
Paragraph	5.127	Comment
Proposed Change	PC067	This addition is not relevant. If a planning application is made it follows that there will need to be equipment and
Policy Number	M16	activity on site for the length of the development. The relevant question is the impact of a proposal. Once that is
Site Reference		deemed acceptable it follows that all activity and equipment are acceptable in that location under the description of
		the development that has been approved. Again, the proposed wording is creating uncertainty for the decision maker
		rather than allowing for objective assessment.
		Suggested Modification
		Arround the toythe address the ariticians allows

Amend the text to address the criticisms above.

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Malton Town Council		0758/0059/PC068/LC.U	
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.130 PC068 M16	Comment Support the proposed change as the Yorkshire Wolds and the Vale of Pickering have both been identified in the Ryedale Plan under Policy SP13 as areas of locally important landscapes. The change has been included in the explanatory text but not in Policy M16 itself, and it is not clear what the term 'regard will be had' means. Concerned that in the future large scale fracking applications will be determined by a National Infrastructure Planning body in London who have no local accountability. It is therefore important that firm and robust guidance should be provided by the MWJP and the proposed change should be given proper consideration. In any other planning context surface development for fracking would be classed as employment or economic development. Therefore to make the proposed change robust applications for surface development for fracking in areas of locally important landscapes identified in District or Borough local plans should be determined in accordance with policies in the local plan which apply to employment or economic development. Suggested modification a) The proposed change in PC68 should be repeated in the main policy text of either M16 or M17 b) and reworded 'In some parts of the affected by PEDLs, areas of locally important landscapes have been identified in District and Borough Local Plans. Where these continue to form part of the statutory development plan, and are relevant to the proposal which falls to be determined by THE APPROPRIATE BODY RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THE APPLICATION, THE PROPOSAL SHALL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICIES OF THE LOCAL PLAN WHICH RELATE TO EMPLOYMENT, ECONOMIC OR EQUIVALENT DEVELOPMENT, AND SUCH OTHER LOCAL PLAN POLICIES AS MAY BE APPLICABLE [North Yorkshire County Council as Minerals and Waste Planning Authority, regard will be had to the requirements of any associated local plan policy] '	
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number	5.130 PC068 M16	4124/0125/PC068/S Comment This proposed change is supported and should be included in the final Plan.	

Site Reference

South Hambleton Shale Gas Advisory Group		dvisory Group 4158/0029/PC068
Paragraph	5.130	Comment
Proposed Change	PC068	This Proposed Change should also state that NYCC will have regard to the Landscape Character Assessments (LCA)
Policy Number	M16	where produced by these authorities and in particular the statements which relate to landscape sensitivity as
Site Reference		identified for each landscape area e.g. Hambleton LCA (2016). Where LCAs exist and as more are produced by LPAs they form supplementary planning documents and are therefore part of the development plan process.
		4152/0098/PC068/U
Paragraph	5.130	Comment
Proposed Change	PC068	There is no mention of the adopted Ryedale Plan and it is considered the Plan would be unsound if it failed to take
Policy Number	M16	proper account of Policy SP13 of the Ryedale Plan. The Ryedale Plan aims to encourage new development to
Site Reference		"reinforce distinctive elements of landscape character' in areas including the Vale of Pickering and the Yorkshire
Site hererenee		Wolds and it is considered that these areas high in landscape value should be protected by solid wording in the Plan.
		Considers that the phrase 'regard will be had to the requirements of any associated local plan policy' needs clarifying
		and more robust phrasing and that the proposed text addition to paragraph 5.130 should be included Policy M16.

arugh (Great & Little) Parish Council 0412/0110/PC068/U		
Paragraph	5.130	Comment
Proposed Change	PC068	The proposed amendment is welcomed as the Yorkshire Wolds and the Vale of Pickering have both been identified in
Policy Number	M16	the Ryedale Plan under SP13 as areas of locally important landscapes. However, there is concern that the amendment
Site Reference		has been included in the explanatory text and not in Policy 16 itself. It is considered that it is not clear what 'regard will be had' means. There are concerns that, following on from the 2017 General Elections, 'large scale planning applications' for fracking will be referred for determination by a National Infrastructure Planning body in London and there would be no local accountability and so it is important that robust guidance should be provided in the MWJP. Fracking comes with the construction of complex surface structures, including plant and machinery such as compressors, drilling rigs, offices, etc. that would, in any other planning context, be classed as employment or economic development. Therefore, in order to make the amendment robust when fracking applications are situated in areas of locally important landscapes identified in a District or Borough Plan, they should be determined in accordance with the policies in that plan applying to employment or economic development.
		Suggested Modification It is considered that the amendment should be repeated the main policy text of either Policy M16 or M17 and reworded as following: "In some parts of the Plan area affected by PEDLs, areas of locally important landscapes have been identified in District and Borough Local Plans. Where these continue to form part of the statutory development plan, and are relevant to a proposal which falls to be determined by [North Yorkshire County Council as Mineral and Waste Planning Authority regard will be had to the requirements of any associated local plan policy] THE APPROPRIATE BODY RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THE APPLICATION, THE PROPOSAL WILL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICIES OF THE LOCAL PLAN WHICH RELATE TO EMPLOYMENT, ECONOMIC OR EQUIVALENT DEVELOPMENT AND SUCH OTHER LOCAL PLAN POLICIES AS MAY BE APPLICABLE".

Habton Parish Council		0589/0027/PC068/LC.U
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.130 PC068 M16	Comment Support the proposed change as the Yorkshire Wolds and the Vale of Pickering have both been identified in the Ryedale Plan under Policy SP13 as areas of locally important landscapes. The change has been included in the explanatory text but not in Policy M16 itself, and it is not clear what the term 'regard will be had' means. Concerned that in the future large scale fracking applications will be determined by a National Infrastructure Planning body in London who have no local accountability. It is therefore important that firm and robust guidance should be provided by the MWJP and the proposed change should be given proper consideration. In any other planning context surface development for fracking would be classed as employment or economic development. Therefore to make the proposed change robust applications for surface development for fracking in areas of locally important landscapes identified in District or Borough local plans should be determined in accordance with policies in the local plan which apply to employment or economic development. Suggested Modification a) The proposed change in PC68 should be repeated in the main policy text of either M16 or M17 b) and reworded 'In some parts of the affected by PEDLs, areas of locally important landscapes have been identified in District and Borough Local Plans. Where these continue to form part of the statutory development plan, and are relevant to the proposal which falls to be determined by THE APPROPRIATE BODY RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THE APPLICATION, THE PROPOSAL SHALL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICIES OF THE LOCAL PLAN WHICH RELATE TO EMPLOYMENT, ECONOMIC OR EQUIVALENT DEVELOPMENT, AND SUCH OTHER LOCAL PLAN POLICIES AS MAY BE APPLICABLE [North Yorkshire County Council as Minerals and Waste Planning Authority, regard will be had to the requirements of any associated local plan policy] '
Ryedale District Council		0116/0083/PC068/LC.S.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.130 PC068 M16	Comment Supports the proposed change although it does not alter the representations that were previously made in respect of the draft hydrocarbon policies

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Paragraph5.130Proposed ChangePC068Policy NumberM16Site Reference

Support the proposed change as the Yorkshire Wolds and the Vale of Pickering have both been identified in the Ryedale Plan under Policy SP13 as areas of locally important landscapes.

The change has been included in the explanatory text but not in Policy M16 itself, and it is not clear what the term 'regard will be had' means.

Concerned that in the future large scale fracking applications will be determined by a National Infrastructure Planning body in London who have no local accountability. It is therefore important that firm and robust guidance should be provided by the MWJP and the proposed change should be given proper consideration.

In any other planning context surface development for fracking would be classed as employment or economic development. Therefore to make the proposed change robust applications for surface development for fracking in areas of locally important landscapes identified in District or Borough local plans should be determined in accordance with policies in the local plan which apply to employment or economic development.

Suggested modification

Comment

a) The proposed change in PC68 should be repeated in the main policy text of either M16 or M17 b) and reworded 'In some parts of the affected by PEDLs, areas of locally important landscapes have been identified in District and Borough Local Plans. Where these continue to form part of the statutory development plan, and are relevant to the proposal which falls to be determined by THE APPROPRIATE BODY RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THE APPLICATION, THE PROPOSAL SHALL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICIES OF THE LOCAL PLAN WHICH RELATE TO EMPLOYMENT, ECONOMIC OR EQUIVALENT DEVELOPMENT, AND SUCH OTHER LOCAL PLAN POLICIES AS MAY BE APPLICABLE [North Yorkshire County Council as Minerals and Waste Planning Authority, regard will be had to the requirements of any associated local plan policy] '

Frack Free Malton & Norton 3869/0122/PC068/U		
	3869/0122/PC068/U	
Paragraph5.130Proposed ChangePC068Policy NumberM16Site Reference	Comment It is considered that the Plan would be unsound in not taking full account of Policy SP13 of the Ryedale Plan. The proposed amendment gives some recognition to local plans but lacks strength by only appearing in the explanatory text and not actually forming part of Policy M16. The phrase 'regard will be had' lacks clarity. A National Infrastructure Planning body in London may be determining "large scale planning applications" for fracking in the future so it is of the utmost importance that the MWJP consists of firm guidance. In order to make the amendment robust when fracking applications situated in areas of locally important landscapes identified in a District Plan area made, they should be determined in accordance with the policies in that plan applying to employment or economic development. This is because the expansive concrete fracking pads, workshops, offices, pipes, storage facilities, etc. would, in any other planning context, be classed as employment or economic development. Suggested Modification It is considered that the amendment should be repeated the main policy text of either Policy M16 or M17 and reworded as following: In some parts of the Plan area affected by PEDLs, areas of locally important landscapes have been identified in District and Borough Local Plans. Where these continue to form part of the statutory development plan, and are relevant to a proposal which falls to be determined by [North Yorkshire County Council as Mineral and Waste Planning Authority regard will be had to the requirements of any associated local plan policy] THE APPROPRIATE BODY RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THE APPLICATION, THE PROPOSAL WILL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICIES OF THE LOCAL PLAN WHICH REALTE TO EMPLOYMENT, ECONOMIC OR EQUIVALENT DEVELOPMENT AND SUCH OTHER LOCAL PLAN POLICIES AS MAY BE APPLICABLE.	
Natural England	0119/0114/PC068/LC.S	
Paragraph 5.130	Comment	
Proposed Change PC068	Welcomes the consideration of locally important landscapes in this context.	

Policy Number

Site Reference

M16

Frack Free Ryedale

Paragraph5.130Proposed ChangePC068Policy NumberM16Site Reference

3684/0069/PC068/LC.S.DTC

Support the proposed amendments. However there is a judgement to be made on a case by case basis relating to the 'regard will be had' in respect of the policies and strategies in place within adopted local plans. Minerals can only be worked where they are found and are a finite resource the 'need' for the mineral should not necessarily outweigh any detrimental impacts when locating a well pad in such an area. The NPPF, whilst stating theta great weight should be attributed to the benefits of mineral extraction, does not suggest anywhere in the document, that this should therefore be given primacy over any other consideration when determining planning applications. The Yorkshire Wolds and Vale of Pickering have both been identified in the Ryedale Plan under Policy SP13 as areas of locally important landscapes. However, this amendment has been included in the explanatory text and not in Policy M16 itself, and it is not clear what 'regard will be had' means. It is likely this situation will occur in other districts within the plan area.

It is noted that the conservative manifesto published for the 2017 General Election states that 'large scale planning applications' for fracking will be referred for determination by a National Infrastructure Planning body in London which has no local accountability. It is critical that robust guidance should be provided in the MWJP to ensure that, in order to make the Plan effective, the purpose of the above amendment is given full and proper consideration should this happen.

Suggested Modification

Comment

Consider that more clarity should be contained in Policy M16 itself to reflect the commentary of this paragraph. It is noted that no amendment is proposed to Policy M16 however if this is to be a robust policy this should be contained within the policy wording itself.

PC68 should be reworded and added into the main text of Policy M16

'In some parts of the plan area affected by PEDLs, areas of locally important landscapes have been identified in District and Borough Local Plans. Where these form part of the statutory development plan, and are relevant to the proposal to be determined THE APPROPRIATE BODY RESPONSIBLE FOR DETERMINING THE APPLICATION, THE PROPOSAL SHALL BE DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICIES OF THE LOCAL PLAN WHICH RELATE TO EMPLOYMENT, ECONOMIC OR EQUIVALENT DEVELOPMENT, AND SUCH OTHER LOCAL PLAN POLICIES AS MAY BE ACCEPTABLE.' [North Yorkshire County Council as Minerals and Waste Planning Authority, regard will be had to the requirements of any associated local plan policy]

It could be incorporated into Policy M17 as an alternative

		4194/0132/FC070/0
Paragraph	5.130p	Comment
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	PC070 M17	This change removes from Policy M17 the need to consider the proximity of other planned well pads and replaces it with a need to consider only permitted well pads. This undermines the policy's requirement for information on how proposals for unconventional hydrocarbons fit within the overall plan for the area. Information about operators intended sites in the future should be considered and used to determine the whether the cumulative effect of all planned developments in the area, not just the ones already permitted, would result in unacceptable impacts. The change is not compliant with national policy as it would make planning consent for unconventional hydrocarbon development easier to win without taking into account the cumulative effect of such development. Widespread an intensive unconventional hydrocarbon development can result in environmental harm and so is not compatible with paragraph 110 and 123 of the NPPF.
		Suggested Modification This change should not be accepted and the previous wording, which includes consideration of planned well pads should be included in the Plan, this will make the plan more justified as will allow for the full consideration of the cumulative impact of unconventional hydrocarbon development during planning decisions. It will also make the plan more compliant with national policy as it will tend to limit the environmental harm caused by unconventional hydrocarbon development.
		4152/0099/PC070/U
Paragraph	5.130p	Comment
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	PC070 M17	Considers the wording of Policy M17 2) ii) is currently very weak and needs to be more robust as it does not seem to have considered the unacceptable impact that the density of fracking industry development (production sites) would have on the character of the rural community of Burythorpe and its economy of tourism, agriculture and the various equestrian businesses, depending as it does on the character and rural landscapes of the Vale of Pickering and the Yorkshire Wolds.
Fader Deseurses (
Egdon Resources (0150/0092/PC070/LC.U.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change	5.130p PC070	Comment The addendum to Policy M17 2) ii) a) fails to address the fundamental issue that there is no justification for setting a
Policy Number	M17	wellpad density or arbitrary limit to the number of individual wells within a PEDL area. Cumulative impacts are already
Site Reference		taken into account when planning applications are determined. It should be amended, to more accurately reflect the great importance the Government attaches to hydrocarbon extraction in national policy and guidance and to enable the delivery of sustainable development, by deletion and replacement with a more sensible and proportionate requirement to locate a proposal where the development would not have a material adverse impact, subject to appropriate mitigation.

Paragraph	5.131	4124/0126/PC071/S
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	PC071 M17	This proposed change is supported and should be included in the final Plan.
INEOS Upstream L Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.131 PC071 M17	Solution Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second Second
Frack Free Ryedale Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	e 5.131 PC071 M17	Comment Generally supportive of the amendment. It is noted that there is an AQMA located in Ryedale in Malton.
Friends of the Earl Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	t h - Yorkshire 5.131 PC071 M17	& Humber and the North East/ FOE England, Wales and N.I 2753/0136/PC071 Comment This change includes some amendments/ concessions on issues that were identified in our previous response. However these have only been included in the supporting justification, rather than the policy themselves, which therefore carry less 'weight' than it would if it were included in the policy text.
Third Energy Limit Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.137 PC072 M17	Comment Considers the proposed change is not effective as regardless of the size of the licence area, this is an arbitrary limit of 10 well pads per 100km2 that is unnecessarily restrictive and without justification. Future well sites may vary both in their size and number of wells hosted on site so this arbitrary limit could potentially be either too low or too high. The existing controls in the planning regime cover the development of hydrocarbon sites effectively without such limits.

INEOS Upstream Ltd		3703/0140/PC072/LC.U.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.137 PC072 M17	Comment Para 5.137 deals with a proposed well pad development density. The geographical spacing, scale, and type of development in addition to the topographical and surface characteristics of an area should be considered in the assessment of a proposal and the density of development in a particular area. It should not be based on a PEDL boundary or arbitrary figure for well density that does not reflect the nature of an applicant's proposals or their ability of the environment to accommodate it appropriately. Suggested Modification Amend the text to address the comments above.
Egdon Resources (Paragraph	UK) Limited	Comment 0150/0093/PC072/LC.U.DTC
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	PC072 M17	The addendum fails to address the fundamental issue that there is no justification for setting a wellpad density or arbitrary limit to the number of individual wells within a PEDL area. Cumulative impacts are already taken into account when planning applications are determined. It should be amended, to more accurately reflect the great importance the Government attaches to hydrocarbon extraction in national policy and guidance and to enable the delivery of sustainable development.
Cuadrilla Resource	es Ltd	3704/0113/PC072/LC.U.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.137 PC072 M17	Comment Applying arbitrary thresholds on pad density is unnecessarily restrictive. The key consideration is to ensure that effects of hydrocarbon development can either be removed or appropriately managed through the variety of existing institutional arrangements already in place through the Environment Agency, Natural England, Health and Safety Executive, Oil and Gas Authority, BEIS, DCLG and other bodies plus the proper implementation of the processes such as EIA and ERA. The process by which the pad density had been calculated is unknown and appears to result in arbitrary thresholds. Limits should not be considered until relevant applications are submitted, assessed and concluded in a transparent manner. Suggested Modification reference to the application of 10 well pads per 100km2 PEDL area (and its pro-rata application being applied where the area is less or more than 100km) to be removed from Para 5.137.

United Kingdom O		and Gas (UKOOG) 3997/0108/PC072/U
Paragraph	5.137	Comment
Proposed Change	PC072	Does not consider it is justified to apply arbitrary thresholds on the density placement of well sites as this is
Policy Number	M17	unnecessary restrictive and unsound.
Site Reference		
Zetland Group		
Paragraph	5.137	Comment 2145/0015/PC072/U
Proposed Change	PC072	The Proposed Change to para 5.137 is not effective.
Policy Number	M17	It is not appropriate to set pad density limits. The para is over complicated and unnecessary – hydrocarbon
	14117	developments are often temporary, low impact developments – some areas may well have capacity to accommodate
Site Reference		numerically more than others. In the context of unconventional oil and gas, where the geology is not targeting specific
		geological structures such as structural or stratigraphic traps, consideration may well be given to pad density, however
		in order to consider pad density, a further understanding of the unconventional resource must be obtained through
		initial exploratory works. The 'Plan' can be revised once the potential resource is better understood.
		4124/0127/PC073/S
Paragraph	5.137	Comment
Proposed Change	PC073	This proposed change is supported and should be included in the final Plan.
Policy Number	M17	
Site Reference		
Egdon Resources (UK) Limited	0150/0094/PC073/LC.U.DTC
Paragraph	5.137	Comment
Proposed Change	PC073	The addendum fails to address the fundamental issue that there is no justification for setting a wellpad density or
Policy Number	M17	arbitrary limit to the number of individual wells within a PEDL area. Cumulative impacts are already taken into account
	1111/	when planning applications are determined. It should be amended, to more accurately reflect the great importance
Site Reference		the Government attaches to hydrocarbon extraction in national policy and guidance and to enable the delivery of
		sustainable development.

Frack Free Ryedale	9	3684/0072/PC073/LC.S.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.137 PC073 M17	Comment Generally support the proposed amendment but consider that it should apply to areas of local landscape importance which are of similar importance to the Green Belt. Consider locally designated landscapes of importance are just as important to both the local community and the wider visitor economy of North Yorkshire. These areas are recognised in the local plans, such as in the Ryedale Plan Policy SP13 Landscapes. This will be reflected in other district local plans. Suggested Modification Suggest that in addition to the text incorporate the following in the sentence immediately after the amended sentence to read 'For PEDLs located WITHin the Green Belt OR AREAS OF LOCAL LANDSCAPE IMPORTANCE[,] or where a relatively high concentration of other land use constraints exist, including significant access constraints, a lower density and/or number may appropriate.'
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.147 PC075 M17	4124/0124/PC075/S Comment This proposed change is supported and should be included in the final Plan.
CPRE (North Yorks Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.147 9C075 M17	Comment This paragraph is not in conformity with the guidance as set out in the NPPF and PPG Minerals therefore cannot be considered sound at present. This needs to be reworded to reflect the fact that developers should aim to reduce noise levels at a site to a minimum level, below the absolute thresholds set out in the Minerals PPG, not meet them as set out in the text. The emphasis is on the developer proving to the MPA that the noise produced as a result of development cannot be reduced any further without causing onerous burden. Any planning condition should then reflect the minimum level - not automatically be set at the threshold which is the incorrect interpretation of policy and in rural parts of North Yorkshire that threshold is well above the normal baseline conditions. This approach was discussed in great detail between the Appellant (Cuadrilla) and Lancashire County Council at the recent enquiries for the fracking appeals in Lancashire, and were agreed with by the Inspector in her report.

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Proposed Change	PC075	Consider that the paragraph requires rewording.
Policy Number	M17	Site lighting is mentioned however flaring is generally treated as outside the jurisdiction of planning in most general terms. Consider that once multiple well sites start to appear (particularly during the exploration and appraisal stages)
Site Reference		there would be potential for multiple wen sites start to appear (particularly during the exploration and appraisal stages) there would be potential for multiple flares at the same well site and/or different well sites undergoing exploration and appraisal at the same time. This has potential to cause negative visual impact across the area particularly when it is dark. There will also be associated air quality impacts from the emissions and noise from the flaring, these are not covered in the proposed plan. Much of the Plan area is sparsely populated and subject to extremely low levels of background noise, the matter could be dealt with by the requirement that all well completions are green completions. There should be a text amendment to paragraph 5.147 to reflect the requirements of national policy which seek to ensure that local amenity is protected by reducing noise levels to a minimum, below the absolute threshold set out in the PPG, at night. The onus is on the developer to prove they cannot reduce the levels below a certain level without onerous burden, which also needs to be proved to the MPA. The MPA should set any noise condition at that minimum level.
		Suggested Modification New wording should be added to the paragraph to set out
		'In considering appropriate noise limits at sensitive receptors, operators WILL BE EXPECTED TO REDUCE TO MINIMUM, ACTIVITIES WHICH GENERATE NOISE, BELOW ABSOLUTE THRESHOLDS AS SET OUT IN THE MINERALS PPG AND NPPF. WHEN THE APPLICANT CAN NOT REDUCE NOISE LEVELS ANY FURTHER WITHOUT ONEROUS BURDEN, THE APPLICANT WILL BE EXPECTED TO PROVIDE EVIDENCE OF THIS BURDEN, IN LINE WITH GUIDANCE IN THE MINERALS PPG AT PARAGRAPH 21, WITH THE OBJECTIVE OF ENSURING A HIGH STANDARD OF PROTECTION FOR LOCAL AMENITY. IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE THIS, THE APPLICANT WILL BE EXPECTED TO UNDERTAKE A SERIES OF ACCURATE NOISE LEVEL MONITORING TO CAPTURE BASE LINE CONDITIONS IN THE VICINITY OF THE SITE LOCATION.'
		'ALL WELL COMPLETIONS WILL BE GREEN COMPLETIONS WHICH MEANS NO FLARING WILL BE ALLOWED'
		The final sentence could alternatively be incorporated into Policy M18 1)i).
INEOS Upstream L	td	3703/0135/PC076/LC.U.DTC
Paragraph	5.148	Comment
Proposed Change Policy Number	PC076 M17	The reference to 'induced seismic activity' should be deleted as it not the responsibility of the MPA but falls under the regulatory remit of the Oil and Gas Authority.

Site Reference

Frack Free Ryedale

5.147

Comment

Paragraph

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3684/0075/PC075/LC.U.DTC

Egdon Resources (UK) Limited	0150/0095/PC076/LC.U.DTC	
Paragraph	5.148	Comment	
Proposed Change	PC076	The addendum fails to address the fundamental issue that induced seismicity is primarily a consideration of other	
Policy Number	M17	regulators and is not within the remit of the MPA. It should be amended, to more accurately reflect the great	
Site Reference		importance the Government attaches to hydrocarbon extraction in national policy and guidance and to enable the delivery of sustainable development.	
Third Energy Limit	ed	2762/0104/PC076/U	
Paragraph	5.148	Comment	
Proposed Change	PC076	Considers the proposed change is not effective as any development will be located in areas where the technical study	
Policy Number	M17	of the geology demonstrates 'suitability' in that there is an effective hydrocarbon system in existence with the	
Site Reference		potential for commercial production. The potential for inducing seismicity and any impacts at surface are very clearly the remit of the Oil & Gas Authority.	
United Kingdom O	onshore Oil an	nd Gas (UKOOG) 3997/0109/PC076/U	
Paragraph	5.148	Comment	
Proposed Change	PC076	Consider that this is not the responsibility of the MPA, but falls under the regulatory remit of the Oil & Gas Authority.	
Policy Number	M17	The statement should be removed, it is not justified and is considered to be unsound.	

Policy Number Site Reference

Frack Free Ryedale	9	3684/0070/PC079/LC.U.DTC
Paragraph	5.152p	Comment
Proposed Change	PC079	Flaring is used to burn waste gas that cannot be pipelined/stored for commercial use and so must be considered
Policy Number	M18	waste and dealt with under part 1)i) of this policy. This is a waste stream which has not been taken into account in the
Site Reference		Plan, it could be dealt with by not allowing flaring and having a requirement for 'green completions'.
Site Reference		The plan amendments do not fully deal with the potential issues relating to reinjection. The plan talks of a high standard of protection but does not mention the requirement relating to reinjection having to be currently proven to be BAT. The high standard approach seems at odds with the statement relating to induced seismicity which can be 'mitigated to an acceptable level.' There is no recognition in the supporting text of the chain of responsibility should issues arise using such techniques. Concerned that the amendment to para 2)i) may lead to a situation that many wells may remain suspended in the hope of becoming commercially viable. This may be used as a reason to extend the term of an existing permission in a speculative way. Suspending wells should not become the norm and the MPA should assess each application on its own merits prior to agreeing to this at the site restoration and aftercare stage only if sufficient evidence is provided to justify any such suspension. This could lead to a large number of suspended wells.
		Suggested Modification
		Flaring must be considered an onsite waste operation and should be dealt with under this policy by not allowing flaring and requiring only 'green completions'

Support the original version of section 2)i) of policy M18 without the amendment.

		4194/0133/PC079/U
Paragraph	5.152p	Comment
Proposed Change	PC079	This change removes the need to decommission wells that have reached the end of their operational phase and allows
Policy Number	M18	wells to be suspended pending further hydrocarbon development. This allows operators to suspend wells for long
Site Reference		periods without permanent decommissioning. This leads to uncertainty amongst the public and lengthens the time during which groundwater is put at risk by the possibility of well casing failure. The wording in the Plan is not clear so a change to the wording is necessary. However the proposed change is not clear enough that lengthy periods of suspension will not be permitted. The change is not compliant with paragraph 143 of the NPPF. Ground water is at risk of contamination from non decommissioned wells so the proposed change should be altered to make clear that hydrocarbon wells that have completed their initial operational phase should be decommissioned promptly with suspension during periods when the operator considers their options are not being permitted. Suggested Modification The proposed change should have the following text added to the relevant part of Policy M18 FOLLOWING THE COMPLETION OF OPERATIONS INCLUDED IN ANY EXISTING PLANNING CONSENT HYDROCARBON WELLS MUST NOT BE SUSPENDED PENDING FURTHER PLANNING APPLICATIONS. HYDROCARBON WELLS MUST ALSO NOT BE LEFT SUSPENDED FOR UNNECCESSARILY LONG PERIODS BETWEEN OPERATIONS INCLUDED IN THE PLANNING CONSENT. HYDROCARBON WELLS MUST BE DECOMMISSIONED PROMPTLY FOLLOWING THE COMPLETION OF THEIR OPERATIONAL PHASE.' The addition of the text would make the plan better justified as it would avoid the current situation where hydrocarbon wells are left suspended for lengthy periods of time. It would also make it more compliant with national
		policy as it would reduce the risk of contamination from well casing failures.
Third Energy Limit	ed	2762/0105/PC079/U
Paragraph	5.152p	Comment
Proposed Change	PC079	Considers the proposed change is not effective as the decommissioning of a well is common oil field operational
Policy Number	M18	practice and must be undertaken in line with regulatory requirements from the Health and Safety Executive,
Site Reference		Environment Agency and Oil & Gas Authority and this is how the risk of any contamination is managed. The remit of the Mineral Planning Authority is the management of surface effects, i.e. site restoration in line with the planning

consent.

4194/0134/PC080/S

Paragraph5.153Proposed ChangePC080Policy NumberM18Site Reference

Comment

This change deletes the word waste from the paragraph regarding water returned to the surface from the borehole at hydrocarbon wells. This water is typically contaminated with high levels of salt, hydrocarbons, heavy metals and naturally occurring radioactive materials. Because of this contamination the water must be handled and disposed of responsibly. The deletion of the word waste implies that the water returned via the borehole will not always be regarded as waste and therefore might be reused instead of disposed of. This change is not justified as it is important to be clear that contaminated water from the hydrocarbon industry will be disposed of in the appropriate manner. The change is also not consistent with paragraphs 110 and 143 of the NPPF, as the reuse of contaminated water from hydrocarbon wells presents a danger to the environment.

Suggested Modification

The change should not be accepted in the Plan and the reference to waste water should remain in the Plan. This will make the plan better justified as it will prevent contaminated water from hydrocarbon wells being reused in a irresponsible manner. It will also make the plan more consistent with national policy as it will protect the environment from harm.

Frack Free Ryedale		3684/0076/PC080/LC.S.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.153 PC080 M18	Comment This proposed change has not dealt with the suggestion that all waste water from site operations can be treated. This is not the case as the treatment process for the water containing NORM is essentially dilution, and must be taken to a large treatment works able to carry out the process before releasing it into the river system. The paragraph describes the water as being disposed of, it is actually removed from site for further processing. There are no suitable treatment sites within the plan area. This paragraph is misleading as far as reinjection of waste water into substrata. It is unlikely waste water will be disposed of by reinjection as it will not meet the requirements of assessment of the best available technique (BAT). There is evidence from other parts of the world that links reinjection with increased seismicity in excess of the trigger point in the 'traffic light' warning system used in respect of actually carrying out the fracturing itself. This potential is recognised by the amendment. Concerned the Plan does not recognise the additional impacts related to noise which can occur should reinjection of water into wells be permitted, this should be taken account of in the plan. Suggested Modification Where the word 'waste' is deleted it should say after water 'REQUIRING TREATMENT OR PROCESSING.' An additional sentence should also be added at the end of this paragraph relating to the potential increase in noise should this practice be permitted on sites. Some clear definitions around the various water descriptors would assist.
Frack Free Ryedale	!	3684/0077/PC081/LC.S.DTC
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	5.156 PC081 M18	Comment Concerned that the amendment to paragraph 5.156 or 5.153 does not reference in anyway the additional impacts to noise levels which can occur as a result of site operations relating specifically to pumping water (waste water), let alone pressurising it should reinjection be allowed on site.
017: Potash Polyhalite	e & Salt	
CPRE (North Yorks	hire Region)	2173/0037/PC007

Paragraph	5.171	Comment
Proposed Change	PC007	Support the PCs and additional proposed text in relation to potash mines in the North York Moors. The explanation of
Policy Number	M22	the differing types of potash (polyhalite and sylvinite) and salt that can be extracted from the different mines and
Site Reference		what exact permissions are in relation to the separate mines provides clarity and is welcomed.

CPRE (North Yorkshire Region) 2173/0038/PC008		
Paragraph	5.171	2173/0038/PC008 Comment
Proposed Change	PC008	Support the PCs and additional proposed text in relation to potash mines in the North York Moors. The explanation of
Policy Number	M22	the differing types of potash (polyhalite and sylvinite) and salt that can be extracted from the different mines and
Site Reference		what exact permissions are in relation to the separate mines provides clarity and is welcomed.
CPRE (North Yorks	hire Region)	2472/0020/00000
Paragraph	5.171p	2173/0039/PC009
Proposed Change	PC009	Support the PCs and additional proposed text in relation to potash mines in the North York Moors. The explanation of
Policy Number	M22	the differing types of potash (polyhalite and sylvinite) and salt that can be extracted from the different mines and
Site Reference		what exact permissions are in relation to the separate mines provides clarity and is welcomed.
CPRE (North Yorks	hire Region)	2173/0040/PC010
Paragraph	5.171p	Comment
Proposed Change	PC010	Support the PCs and additional proposed text in relation to potash mines in the North York Moors. The explanation of
Policy Number	M22	the differing types of potash (polyhalite and sylvinite) and salt that can be extracted from the different mines and
Site Reference		what exact permissions are in relation to the separate mines provides clarity and is welcomed.
CPRE (North Yorks	hire Region)	2173/0057/PC082
Paragraph	5.171p	Comment
Proposed Change	PC082	Support the new sentence in relation to the Major Development Test in Policy M22.
Policy Number	M22	
Site Reference		
CPRE (North Yorks	hire Region)	2173/0041/PC011
Paragraph	5.172	Comment
Proposed Change	PC011	Support the PCs and additional proposed text in relation to potash mines in the North York Moors. The explanation of
Policy Number	M22	the differing types of potash (polyhalite and sylvinite) and salt that can be extracted from the different mines and what exact permissions are in relation to the separate mines provides clarity and is welcomed.
Site Reference		what exact permissions are in relation to the separate mines provides clarity and is welcomed.
06: Waste		

Natural England Paragraph	6.060s	Comment 0119/0119/PC105LC.S
Proposed Change	PC105	Welcomes this clarification.
Policy Number	W04	
Site Reference	WJP15	
Natural England		0119/0121/PC107/LC.S
Paragraph	6.073s	Comment
Proposed Change	PC107	Welcomes the addition of the York-Selby Cycle Track SINC in the Key Sensitivities and Development Requirements for
Policy Number	W05	allocation MJP55.
Site Reference	WJP06	
CPRE (North Yorks	hire Region)	2173/0048/PC107
Paragraph	6.073s	Comment
Proposed Change	PC107	Welcome the reference to the York and Selby Cycle Track SINC within the 1st bullet point of key sensitivities within
Policy Number	W05	WJP06.
Site Reference	WJP06	A full archaeological assessment should be required prior to development (in line with those related suggested changes in PC98 and PC99 relating to sand and gravel sites) and alternative sites should be considered prior to any permission being granted.

025: Site Identification Principles for new Waste Management Capacity

CPRE (North Yorkshire Region)Paragraph6.112pCommentProposed ChangePC083The proposed change refers to the addition of text within Policy W11 'or adjacent to' in Part 1), and makes equivalent
changes to parts 2), 3), and 5). This improves consistency with Policy W10 and has regard to the fact siting facilities
adjacent to existing waste management sites can be beneficial in terms of shared infrastructure networks and
landscape screening opportunities amongst others, rather than siting new facilities in an isolated open countryside
location.

Tetragen (UK) Ltd		4103/0080/PC083/LC.S.DTC
Paragraph	6.112p	Comment
Proposed Change	PC083	Supports inclusion of the text in the Policy as it supports the extension of existing waste management sites as well as appropriate waste proposals within the footprint of an existing site. It aligns with Policy W10 2) and is more
Policy Number	W11	consistent. The MWJP is now considered to be sound, and no further modification is proposed.
Site Reference		
FD Todd & Sons Lto	d	1133/0074/PC083/LC.S.DTC
Paragraph	6.112p	Comment
Proposed Change	PC083	Supports inclusion of the text in the Policy as it supports the extension of existing waste management sites as well as
Policy Number	W11	appropriate waste proposals within the footprint of an existing site. It aligns with Policy W10 2) and is more
Site Reference		consistent. The MWJP is now considered to be sound, and no further modification is proposed.
008: Minerals and Wa	aste Safeguar	ding
028: Safeguarding Mi	Ū	-
CPRE (North Yorks		2173/0042/PC017
Paragraph	8.007p	Comment
Proposed Change	PC017	Support the PCs and additional proposed text in relation to potash mines in the North York Moors. The explanation of
Policy Number	S01	the differing types of potash (polyhalite and sylvinite) and salt that can be extracted from the different mines and
Site Reference		what exact permissions are in relation to the separate mines provides clarity and is welcomed.
CPRE (North Yorks	hire Region)	2173/0043/PC018
Paragraph	8.017	Comment
Proposed Change	PC018	Support the PCs and additional proposed text in relation to potash mines in the North York Moors. The explanation of
Policy Number	S01	the differing types of potash (polyhalite and sylvinite) and salt that can be extracted from the different mines and
Site Reference		what exact permissions are in relation to the separate mines provides clarity and is welcomed.
030: Waste Managem	nent Facility Sa	afeguarding
	,,	
Tetragen (UK) Ltd		4103/0081/PC084/IC/S/DTC
Tetragen (UK) Ltd	8.027p	4103/0081/PC084/LC.S.DTC Comment
	8.027p PC084	Comment
Tetragen (UK) Ltd Paragraph		

FD Todd & Sons Lt Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	d 8.027p PC084 S03	1133/0078/PC084/LC.S.DTC Comment Supports inclusion of W10 in key links of Policy S03 as now links to overall locational principles for provision of waste capacity as well as the W11 waste site identification principles and so is now sound. No further modification is proposed.
Harworth Estates	(UK Coal Ope	erations Ltd) 0127/0032/PC084/LC.DTC.U
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	8.027p PC084 S03	Comment Policy S03 and its supporting text is too restrictive and does not take adequate account of the fact that waste uses may prove unviable. Likewise, a waste proposal use may not fully reflect the aspirations for other uses at a local level where there is a two-tier authority, such as Selby District Council. It is considered that Policy S03, and its supporting text, remains to be fully justified and is not flexible enough to deal with rapidly changing circumstances i.e. changes in the waste market which could affect viability. Policy S03 is therefore unsound. Our Client therefore objects to the current wording contained within the Pre-submission Draft. Suggested Modification To address these concerns and provide greater clarity, it is suggested that the supporting text at paragraph 8.29 is to be amended to include the following text before the final sentence: 'WHERE A SITE IS NOT IN USE, VIABILITY ISSUES WILL BE RELEVANT TO CONSIDERING WHETHER THERE IS A REASONABLE PROSPECT OF THE SITE STILL BEING USED FOR WASTE MANAGEMENT IN THE FORSEEABLE FUTURE.' This will be particularly important in the two-tier parts of the Plan area, where many development decisions are not taken by the waste planning authority. This will ensure that there is an element of flexibility in the event sites safeguarded under Policy S03 can be brought forward for alternative uses in the event that a waste use would be unviable.
Tetragen (UK) Ltd Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	8.027s PC027 S03	4103/0079/PC027/LC.S.DTC Comment Supports inclusion of the text within the Knapton Quarry waste facility type description. The amended description support the site's existing and future operations as a transfer, treatment and recycling facility, as well as a composting facility, and assists in securing the waste handling infrastructure of the region. The MWJP is now considered to be sound, and no further modification is proposed.

FD Todd & Sons Lt Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	d 8.027s PC027 S03	Comment Supports inclusion of the text within the Knapton Quarry waste facility type description. The amended description support the site's existing and future operations as a transfer, treatment and recycling facility, as well as a composting facility, and assists in securing the waste handling infrastructure of the region. The MWJP is now considered to be sound, and no further modification is proposed.
Ryedale District Co	ouncil	0116/0084/PC113/LC.S.DTC
Paragraph	8.027s	Comment
Proposed Change	PC113	The proposed change (additional site) is in response to a previous representation and is welcomed.
Policy Number	S03	
Site Reference		
Highways England	l	0112/0026/PC113/S
Paragraph	8.027s	Comment
Proposed Change	PC113	Highways England have considered this additional safeguarded waste site and have no concerns at this time as the
Policy Number	S03	proposed change only safeguards the existing site and will not generate additional traffic.
Site Reference		We do not feel that the proposed changes materially alter the overall policy approach of the plan and we therefore remain generally supportive of the policies set out. Highways England considers that the Joint Plan is sound when considered against the tests of being positively prepared, justified, effective, and consistent with national policy.

Harworth Estates	(UK Coal Op	erations Ltd) 0127/0033/PC085/LC.DTC,U
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	8.030 PC085 S03	Comment Policy S03: Waste Management Facility Safeguarding proposes to impose a 250m buffer around all allocated waste management facilities to protect and prevent any conflicting uses. However, Policy S03 and its supporting text do not fully acknowledge that such facilities are often sited on sites where other uses are existing or proposed which would require them to sit within close proximity to each other. In particular, we have previously highlighted the example of the proposals for the employment park at the former Kellingley Colliery Site. As such, our Client welcomes the addition of the suggested additional paragraph proposed via amendment PC85. We would however highlight that Amendment PC85 will only address situations where proposals for a site are already subject to a planning consent. This still does not adequately address situations where new proposals are either proposed via a planning application, or within an emerging development plan. This proposed amendment fails to be effective and our Client therefore continues to object. Suggested Modification To ensure policy PC85 and its supporting text is "sound", the word 'extant' should be deleted from the first sentence, resulting in the following: "It is acknowledged that in some cases, including at the former mine sites in the Plan area, there are other proposals for redevelopment which are matters for determination by the relevant local planning authority and that such proposals could overlap with land proposed for safeguarding in the Joint Plan'
Selby District Cour	ncil	0074/0010/PC085/S
Paragraph	8.030	Comment
Proposed Change	PC085	We support proposed amendment PC85. The inclusion of this text at revised paragraphs 8.30 should ensure a
Policy Number	S03	pragmatic approach is taken when implementing safeguarding requirements, where an overlap of other types of proposed development occurs. We welcome the fact that the Minerals and Waste Planning Authority will seek to
Site Reference		work constructively, in these circumstances, with the relevant LPA and developers to ensure that a proportionate approach is taken.

031: Minerals and Waste Transport infrastructure Safeguarding

Selby District Cour	ncil	0074/0011/PC086/S
Paragraph	8.033	Comment
Proposed Change	PC086	We support proposed amendment PC86. The inclusion of this text at revised paragraph 8.33 should ensure a
Policy Number	S04	pragmatic approach is taken when implementing safeguarding requirements, where an overlap of other types of
Site Reference	·	proposed development occurs. We welcome the fact that the Minerals and Waste Planning Authority will seek to work constructively, in these circumstances, with the relevant LPA and developers to ensure that a proportionate approach is taken.
Harworth Estates	(UK Coal Op	erations Ltd) 0127/0034/PC087/LC.DTC.U
Paragraph	8.034	Comment
Proposed Change	PC087	We have also previously raised concerns that Policy S04 fails to take account of situations whereby existing waste
Policy Number	S04	management facilities are no longer viable and therefore alternative uses may need to be sought. As such, it is

Policy Number Site Reference	S04	management facilities are no longer viable and therefore alternative uses may need to be sought. As such, it is considered that Policy S04 does not currently meet the tests of national policy and is therefore 'unsound'.
		Suggested Modification It was agreed that the following text would be added to the end of paragraph 8.34:

'WHERE A SITE IS NOT IN USE, VIABILITY ISSUES WILL BE RELEVANT TO CONSIDERING WHETHER THERE IS A REASONABLE PROSPECT OF THE SITE BEING USED FOR MINERALS OR WASTE TRANSPORT IN THE FORSEEABLE FUTURE.'

034: Safeguarding Exempt Criteria

CPRE (North Yorkshire Region)		2173/0049/PC088
Paragraph	8.047	Comment
Proposed Change	PC088	With specific regard to transport matters, support the inclusion of this change which references the fact that minerals
Policy Number		and waste transport infrastructure is also safeguarded within the plan.
Site Reference		

Harworth Estates (UK Coal Oper	ations Ltd)	0127/0035/PC088//LC.DTC.U
Harworth Estates (Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	UK Coal Oper 8.047 PC088	Comment Our Client has also previously raised conce and longer term, of district authorities, in p Local Plan, including site allocations. This o conflict with the clear tests outlined in nati agreed to add the following amendment to Suggested Modification "Applications for development on land whi where the plan took account of minerals, a safeguarding requirements, OR, IN THE CAS AND WASTE PLANNING AUTHORITY HAS RA	0127/0035/PC088//LC.DTC.U rns that the Joint Plan fails to fully acknowledge the aspirations, both short particular Selby District Council, which is currently progressing its emerging mission means that policy S04, is not effective and is therefore in direct onal policy. Our Client therefore continues to object. It was therefore the exemption criteria listed at paragraph 8.47 (bullet point 12): ch is already allocated in an adopted local plan nd waste AND MINERALS AND WASTE TRANSPORT INFRASTRUCTURE SE OF AN EMERGING LOCAL PLAN ALLOCATION, WHERE THE MINERALS AISED NO SAFEGUARDING CONCERNS DURING CONSULTATION ON THE
CPRE (North Yorks Paragraph Proposed Change	hire Region) 8.047 PC088		2173/0055/PC088 ation in terms of locally important landscape designations identified in
Policy Number Site Reference 009: Development M	anagement	District and Borough Local Plans and that t those areas.	ne MPA will need to have regard to them in determining applications within
037: Development Ma	anagement Cr	iteria	
CPRE (North Yorksl Paragraph	hire Region) 9.016	Comment	2173/0050/PC089
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	PC089 D03	The reference to Air Quality Management a is linked to and often impacted detrimenta	Areas is welcomed in this change. It is important to note that that air quality Ily by vehicular emissions. We are aware that the Government is placing ement of air quality, therefore, opportunities to enhance air quality within

Howardian Hills AONB		0113/0143/PC090/S
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	9.021 PC090 D03	Comment The points raised in the response made to the Publication Draft in relation to inserting the full Purposes of AONB Designation have been fully incorporated into the proposed change.
South Hambleton Shale Gas Advisory Group 4158/0030/PC090		

South Hambleton Shale Gas Advisory Group

Paragraph	9.021	Comment
Proposed Change	PC090	The Proposed Change states that within AONBs 'particular regard should be paid to promoting sustainable forms of
Policy Number	D04	social and economic development that in themselves conserve and enhance the environment'. We would expect this
Site Reference		more rigorous test also to apply within the AONB buffer zone ref. Policy M16 (d) i).

038: Protection of Important Assets

South Hambleton	Shale Gas A	dvisory Group 4158/0031/PC091
Paragraph	9.042	Comment
Proposed Change	PC091	We note this Proposed Change but remain concerned that this does not provide consistent or comprehensive
Policy Number	D06	scrutiny, particular in relation to cumulative impact.
Site Reference		We suggest that for each PEDL area, the Councils, in conjunction with District Councils, undertake or adapt existing Landscape Character Assessments (LCA) to include a 'sensitivity assessment which considers the potential impact of each additional drilling site and advises what number could be accommodated without detriment'. Alternatively, whenever more than two drilling sites are approved in any PEDL area, no further planning application for additional shale gas wells on an existing or new site within the PEDL area should be considered until a LCA and sensitivity study has been undertaken to determine the total capacity (number) of drilling sites in that PEDL area that can be accommodated without detriment. This is necessary to avoid adverse cumulative impact.
Natural England		0119/0115/PC091/LC.S
Paragraph	9.042	Comment
Proposed Change	PC091	Welcomes the consideration of locally important landscapes in this context.

040: Reclamation and Afteruse

D06

Policy Number

Site Reference

Tarmac Paragraph	9.084p	0317/0018/PC095/LC.S
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	PC095 D10	The rewording of Policy D10 1) i) is supported in that the proposed change is now consistent with para 189 of the NPPF.
Paragraph	9.084p	4191/0060/PC095/LC.U.DTC
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	PC095 D10	This change is not fully justified as it does not go far enough in terms of consultation with communities and proof of reasonable low impacts on those affected communities and the environment. Also believe within this context that proof of viability compared to other energy sourcing processes such as micro-renewables and larger scale renewable energy infrastructure is not being clearly demonstrated and as such is subjecting nearby affected communities to unacceptable risk of pollution(s). Suggested modification Consider the following addition necessary to PC95 AN APPLICANT FOR PLANNING PERMISSION FOR FRACKING OR SHALE GAS OPERATIONS (INCLUDING TEST DRILLING AND EXTRACTION) MUST DEMONSTRATE BY APPROPRIATE EVIDENCE AND ASSESSMENT THAT REASONABLE SCIENTIFIC DOUBT CAN BE EXCLUDED TO ADVERSE IMPACTS OF THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT ALONE OR IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER DEVELOPMENTS: - ON THE QUALITY AND QUANTITY OF WATER RESOURCES - ON AIR QUALITY (INCLUDING THROUGH EMMISSIONS OF METHANE AND SULPHUR) - ON SEISMIC ACTIVITY - ON LOCAL COMMUNITIES

Tarmac Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	9.084p PC096 D10	Datr/oo19/PCO96/LC.U Comment Acknowledge the changes made to Part 2 (viii) of Policy D10. Nevertheless, these changes do not address the representations previously made in response to this policy. The 'landscape scale benefits' which are sought through Part 2 (viii) of the policy can often only be delivered with large areas of land which may not be under the control of the developer. As such, expectations may be created that cannot be delivered. The policy is therefore considered to be unsound. Suggested Modification Delete the following words from Part 2(viii) of Policy D10: " Seeking to deliver benefits at a landscape scale."
Minerals Products	Association 9.084p	0115/0086/PC096/LC.U Comment
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	PC096 D10	The 'landscape scale benefits' which are sought through Part 2 viii) of the policy can often be delivered with large areas of land not under the control of the developer. As such, this policy cannot be effectively achieved and the policy is therefore considered unsound. Suggested Modification Suggest some words are deleted from Part 2 viii) 'Achieving significant net gains for biodiversity which help create coherent and resilient ecological networks. Where practicable, proposals should contribute significantly to the creation of habitats of particular important in the local landscape [seeking to deliver benefits at a landscape scale]. This includes wet grasslands and fen in the Swale and Ure valleys and species-rich grassland on the Magnesian limestone ridge.
Natural England Paragraph	9.084p	0119/0116/PC096/LC.S
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	9.084p PC096 D10	Welcomes the clarity provided by this modification.
)11: Any Other Comn	nents	
)50: Any Other Comm	nents	

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East Riding of York Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number	kshire Council NC	0118/0149 Comment No further comments to make in respect of the proposed changes and there are no outstanding issues to be resolved.	
Site Reference	ce / Defence Inf	rastructure Organisation 0114/0148	
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	Comment No comments in regards to the proposed changes consultation document.	
Burton Salmon Pa	rish Council	0457/0155	
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	Comment No comments to make.	
Lancaster City Cou	incil	0054/0145	
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	Comment No comments to make on the proposed changes	
Durham County Co	Durham County Council 0092/0146		
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	Comment Do not have any further comments over and above what was submitted in relation to the Publication Draft in December 2016.	

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Doncaster Metropolitan Borough Council 0095/0147			
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	Comment No comments to make regarding the proposed changes.	
Hambleton District	t Council	0053/0144	
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	Comment No comments to make of proposed changes.	
CEG		4198/162	
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	Comment No comments to make.	
Scarborough Borou	ugh Council	0286/0152	
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	Comment In the addendum of proposed changes there are no alterations that relate specifically to Scarborough Borough and so have no comments to make.	
Canal & River Trust 0294/0153			
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	Comment Do not wish to make comments on the proposed changes.	

North Yorkshire Po Paragraph	olice NC	1125/0159	
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	No comments to make.	
West Tanfield Pari	sh Council	0948/0157	T
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	Comment No comments to make.	
Environment Agen	-	0121/0150	,
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	Comment The changes have no impact on any previous comments that we have provided and so have no comments to make.	
Hull City Council		3027/0161	T
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	Comment No further comments to make in respect of the proposed changes and there are no outstanding issues to be resolved.	
The Coal Authority 1111/0158			1
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	Comment Generally supportive of changes but are disappointed are proposed to Policy M16 as previously requested so consider that our previous comments are still relevant and our objections have not been addressed.	

United Utilities Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NC	0327/0154 Comment No comments to make at this stage but request to be consulted with future planning documents.		
Leavening Parish C Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	ouncil NC	0726/0156 Comment No further comments to make beyond those previously submitted.		
York Health and W Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	'ellbeing Board NC	Comment Not submitting a formal response to the consultation.		
Yorkshire Wildlife Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	Trust NC	0128/0151 Comment Do not have any further comments to make.		
012: Non-Duly Made Representations Received				
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NDM	3386/0171		

Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NDM	4190/0176	, ,
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NDM	4189/0175 Comment	r
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NDM	4195/0177 Comment	
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NDM	4197/0178	ľ
Poppleton Junior F Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	ootball Club NDM	3219/0170	

Helmsley Town Co	uncil	0603/0163	1
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NDM	Comment	
Gladman Developr Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	nents NDM	2367/0168	
Wistow Parish Cou Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	ncil NDM	0966/0164	,
Alkane Energy Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NDM	3705/0172	
Newby Hall Estate Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NDM	1351/0166	

Paragraph	NDM	1355/0167 Comment	·
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference			
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NDM	4098/0174	
Pool-in-Wharfedal	e Parish Counc	10/0/0105	
Paragraph Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference	NDIVI	Comment	
Paragraph	NDM	3836/0173 Comment	1
Proposed Change Policy Number Site Reference			
Paragraph	NDM	2808/0169 Comment	
Policy Number Site Reference			

Contact us

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